fill level | water level | pressure | temperature | flow | visualization | signal converter | sensoric

Operating Instructions

DAL 401
digital indicator

ACS-CONTROL-SYSTEM
knowhow with system
Your partner for measuring technology and automation

BlueControl

More efficiency in engineering,
more overview in operating:
The projecting environment for the BluePort® controllers

Description of symbols
in the text:

- General information
- General warning
- Attention: ESD-sensitive devices

on the device:

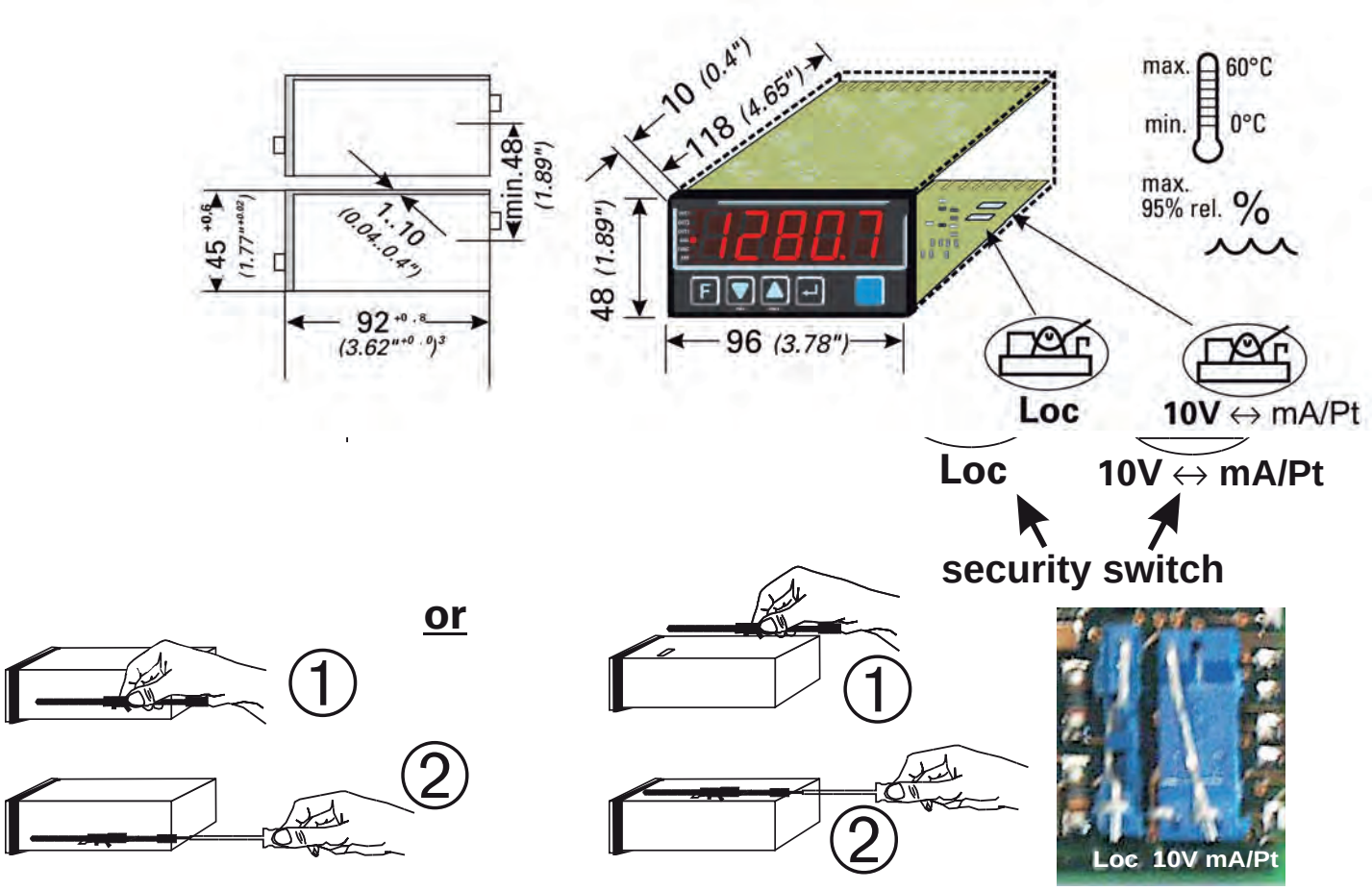
- Follow the operating instructions

Inhaltsverzeichnis

1 Mounting 5
2 Electrical connections 6
2.1 Connecting diagram 6
2.2 Terminal connection 6
3 Operation 10
3.1 Front view 10
3.2 Behaviour after power-on 10
3.3 Operating level 11
3.3.1 Min/max function 11
3.3.2 Tare function 12
3.3.3 Sample&hold amplifier 12
3.3.4 O_2 measurement 13
3.3.5 Extended operating level 14
3.3.6 Alarm handling 15
3.4 Maintenance manager / Error list 16
4 Controller 17
4.1 Operation 17
4.2 Control parameters 17
4.3 Self-tuning 18
4.3.1 **Self-tuning start (↵ + ▲)** 18
4.3.2 **Self-tuning cancellation 18**
4.3.3 **Acknowledgement procedures in case of unsuccessful self-tuning . 19**
4.3.4 **Examples for self-tuning attempts 19**
4.3.5 **(controller inverse, heating or heating/cooling)** 19
4.4 Manual tuning 20
4.5 Operating structure 22
5 Configuration level 23
5.1 Configuration survey 23
5.2 Configuration 24
5.3 Configuration examples 30
5.3.1 On-Off controller / Signaller (inverse) 30

5.3.2 2-point controller (inverse) 31
5.3.3 Continuous controller (inverse) 32
5.3.4 DAL 401 with measured value output 33
6 Parameter setting level 34
6.1 Parameter survey 34
6.2 Parameter 35
6.3 Input scaling 36
6.3.1 Input InP 36
7 Calibration level 37
7.1 Offset correction 37
8 BlueControl 40
9 Versions 41
10 Technical data 42
11 Safety hints 46
11.1 Resetting to factory setting 47

1 Mounting



Safety switch:
For access to the safety switches, the indicator must be withdrawn from the housing. Squeeze the top and bottom of the front bezel between thumb and forefinger and pull the controller firmly from the housing..

10V i mA/Pt	right ❶	Current signal / Pt100 / thermocouple/mV at inP
	left	Voltage signal (V) at inP
Loc	open	Access to the levels is as adjusted by means of BlueControl (engineering tool) ❷
	closed ❶	all levels accessible wihout restriction

❶ Factory setting

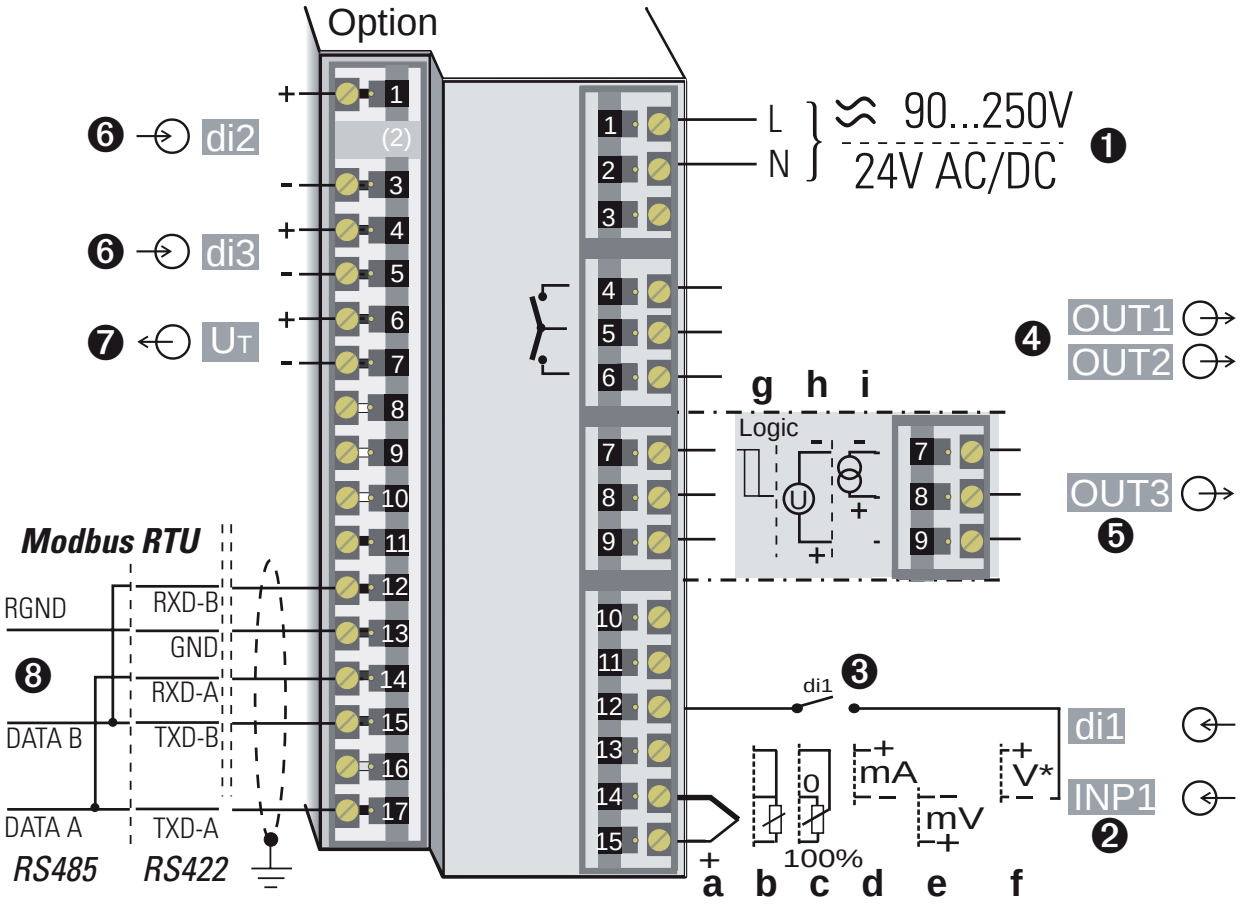
❷ Default setting: display of all levels suppressed, password PASS = OFF

Safety switch 10V ↔ mA/Pt always in position left or right. Leaving the safety switch open may lead to faulty functions!

Caution! The unit contains ESD-sensitive components.

2 Electrical connections

2.1 *Connecting diagram*



* Safety switch mA ↔ V in position left

The indicator is provided with screw terminals from 0,5 to 2,5mm².

2.2 *Terminal connection*

Power supply connection ❶

See chapter 10 "Technical data"

Connection of input INP1 ❷

Input for variable x1 (process value)

- **a** thermocouple
- **b** resistance thermometer (Pt100/ Pt1000/ KTY/ ...)
- **c** potentiometer
- **d** current (0/4...20mA)
- **e** voltage (-2,5...115/-25...1150/-25...90/ -500...500mV)
- **f** voltage (0/2...10V/ -5...5V)

Connection of input di1 ❸

Digital input, configurable as switch or push-button

Connection of outputs OUT1/2 ❹

Relay outputs 250V/2A normally open with common contact connection

Connection of output OUT3 ❺

g logic (0..20mA / 0..12V)
h voltage (0/2...10V)
i current (0/4...20mA)
i transmitter power supply

Connection of inputs di2/3 ❻ *(option)*

Digital inputs (24VDC external), galvanically isolated, configurable as switch or push-button

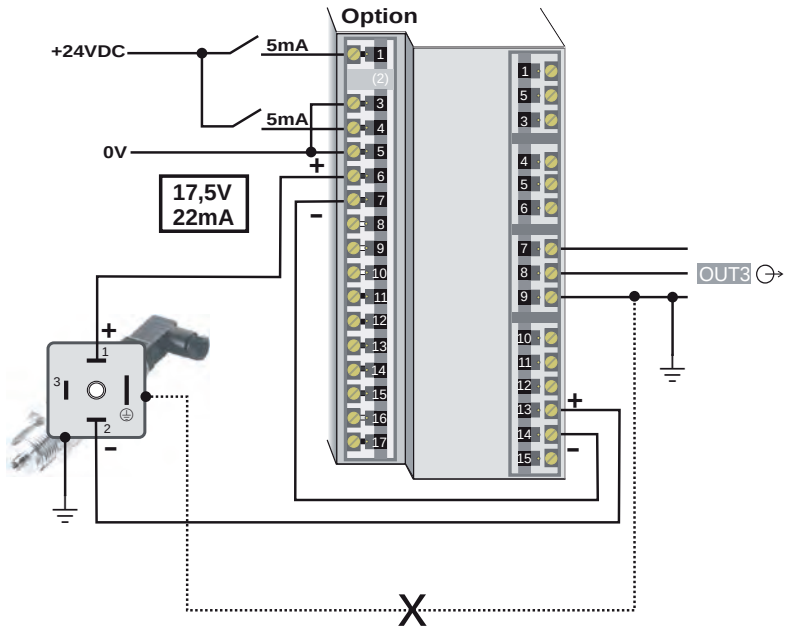
Connection of output U_T ❼ *(option)*

Supply voltage connection for external energization

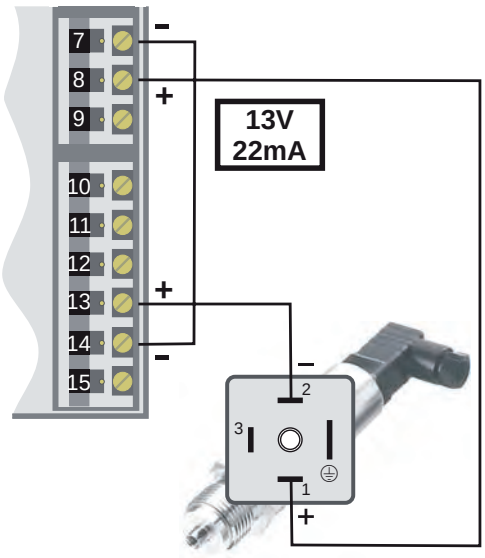
Connection of bus interface ❽ *(option)*

RS422/485 interface with Modbus RTU protocol

❻ ❼ *di2/3, U_T 2-wire transmitter supply*

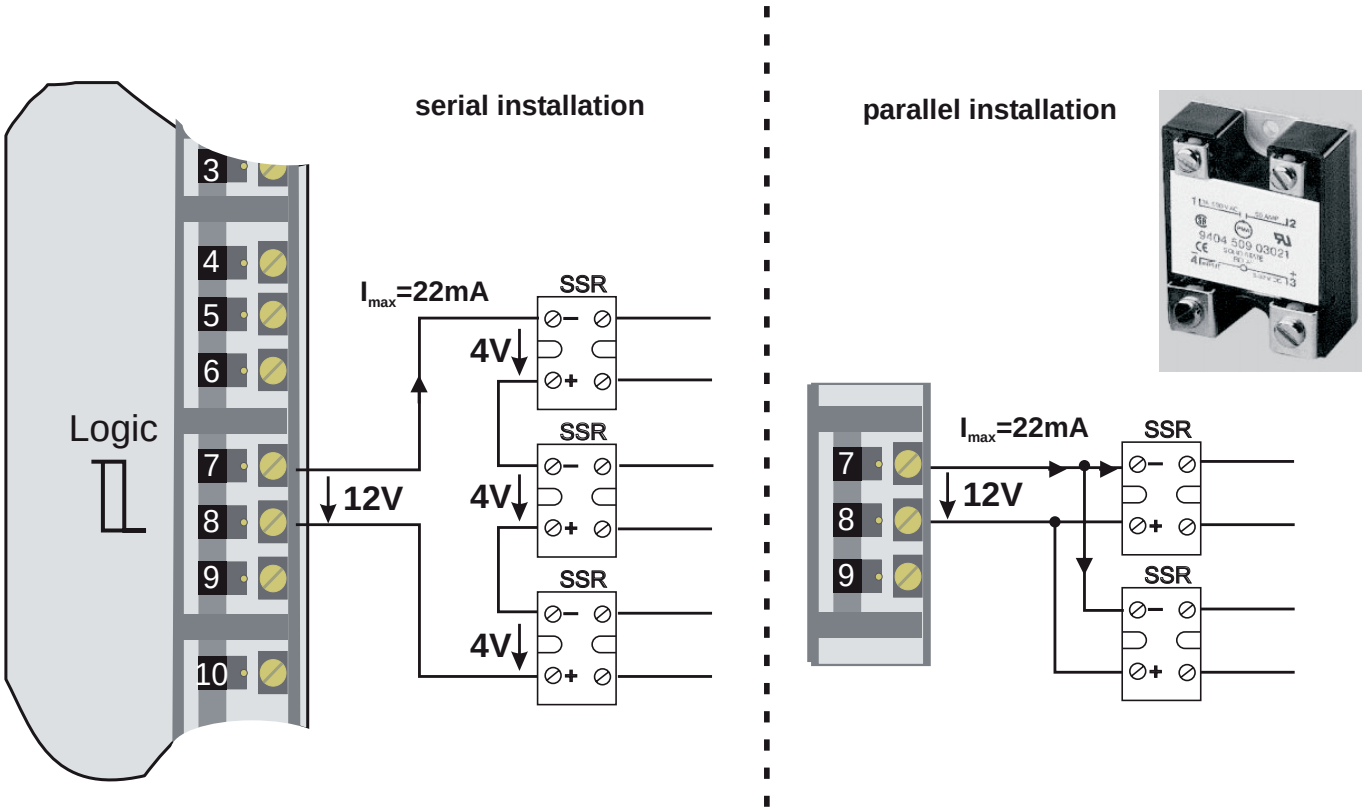


❻ *OUT3 transmitter supply*

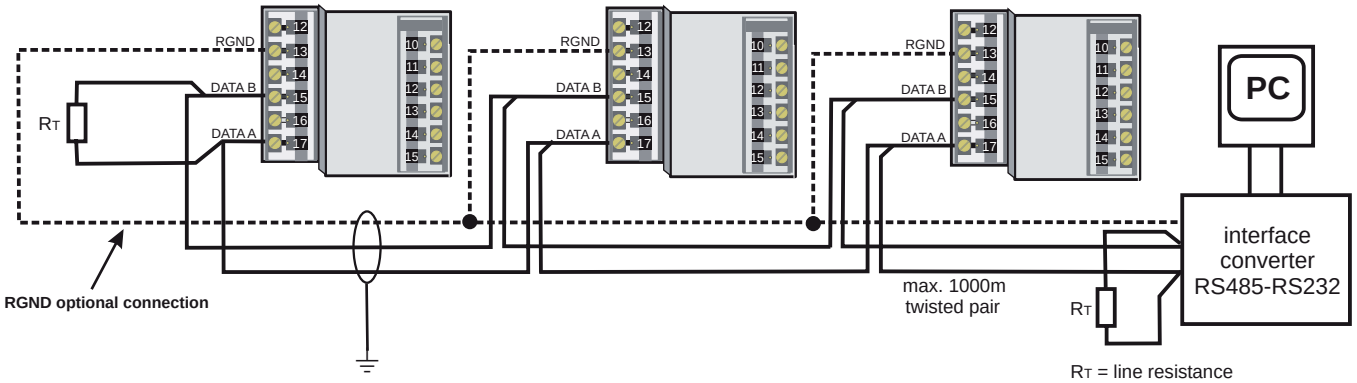


If U_T and the universal output OUT3 is used there may be no external galvanic connection between measuring and output circuits!

❻ *OUT 3 als Logikausgang mit Solid-State-Relais (Reihen- und Parallel-Schaltung)*

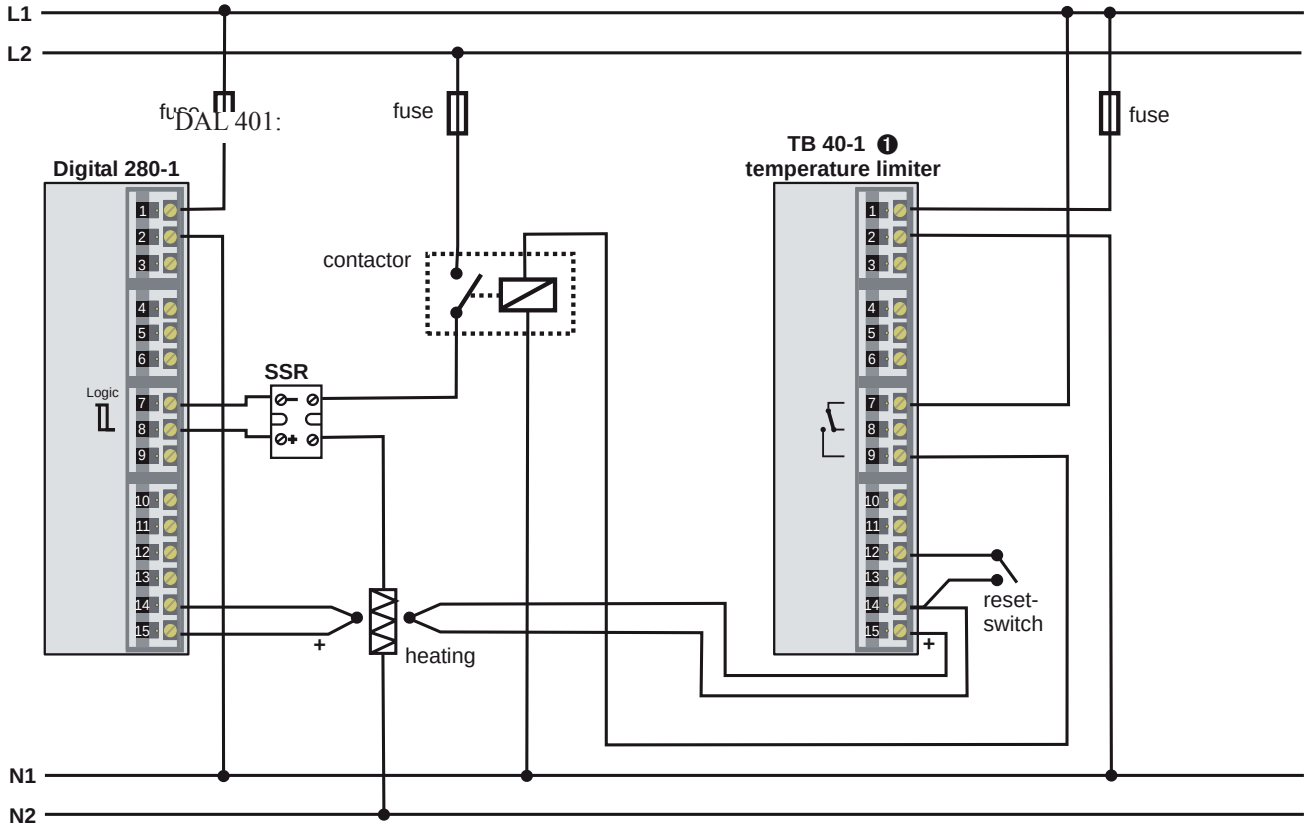


❾ *RS485 interface (with RS232-RS485 interface converter)* *



* Interface description Modbus RTU in seperate manual: see page 41.

Anschlussbeispiel DAL 401:



❶ **TB 40-1 temperature limiter**
standard-version (3 relay)
TB40-100-0000D-000
→ further versions on demand

CAUTION:
Using a temperature limiter is recommendable in systems where overtemperature implies a fire hazard or other risks.

3 Operation

3.1 *Front view*

1. measured value display
2. statuses of switching outputs Out.1 ... 3 (or alarm statuses)
3. lit with self-tuning activated
4. lit with tare or sample & hold function activated
5. lit with entry in the error list
6. function-key
7. down-key
8. up-key
9. enter-key: calls up extended operating level/ errorlist
10. pc connection for BlueControl (engineering-tool)

The measured value is displayed as standard. At parameter setting, configuration, calibration level and at the extended operating level, the display changes cyclically between parameter name and parameter value.

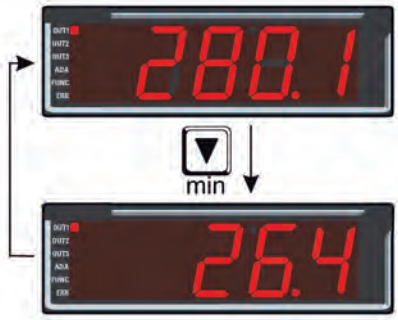
3.2 *Behaviour after power-on*

After supply voltage switch-on, the unit starts with the **operating level**.
The unit is in the condition which was active before power-off.

3.3 *Operating level*

3.3.1 Min/max function

The minimum and maximum values are stored.

	
As long as the ▼ key is pressed, the minimum value is displayed.	As long as the ▲ key is pressed, the maximum value is displayed.

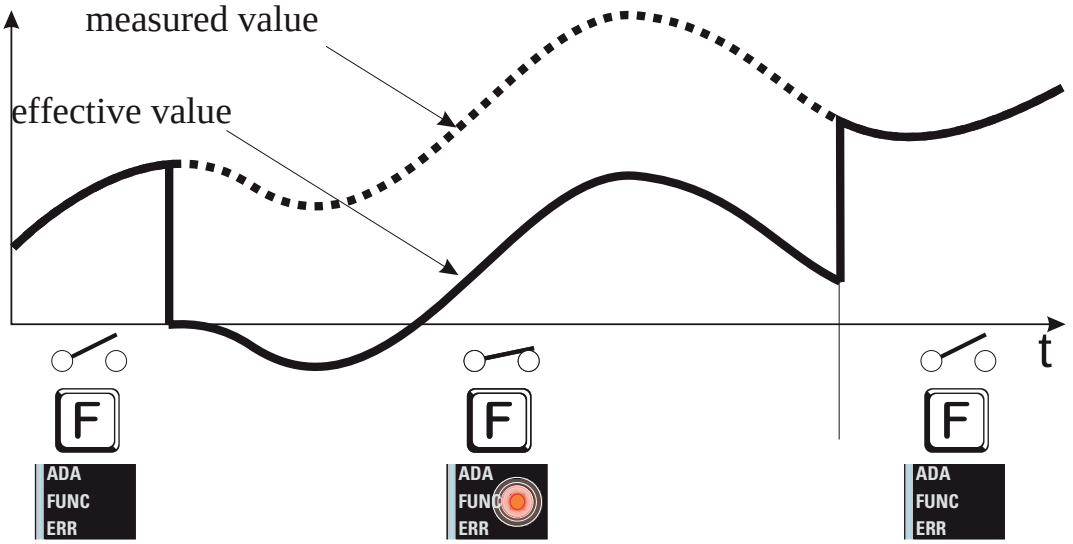
Deleting the minimum value
Keeping the ▼ key pressed whilst actuating key ▲ deletes the minimum value.
Additionally, determination whether a digital input or key è should delete the minimum value is possible during configuration (*r E S.L*).
Deleting the minimum and maximum values can be done also via interface.

Deleting the maximum value
Keeping the ▲ key pressed whilst actuating key ▼ deletes the maximum value.
Additionally, determination whether a digital input or key è should delete the maximum value is possible during configuration (*r E S.H*).
Deleting the minimum and maximum values can be done also via interface.

When switching off DAL 401, minimum and maximum values are deleted.

3.3.2 Tare function

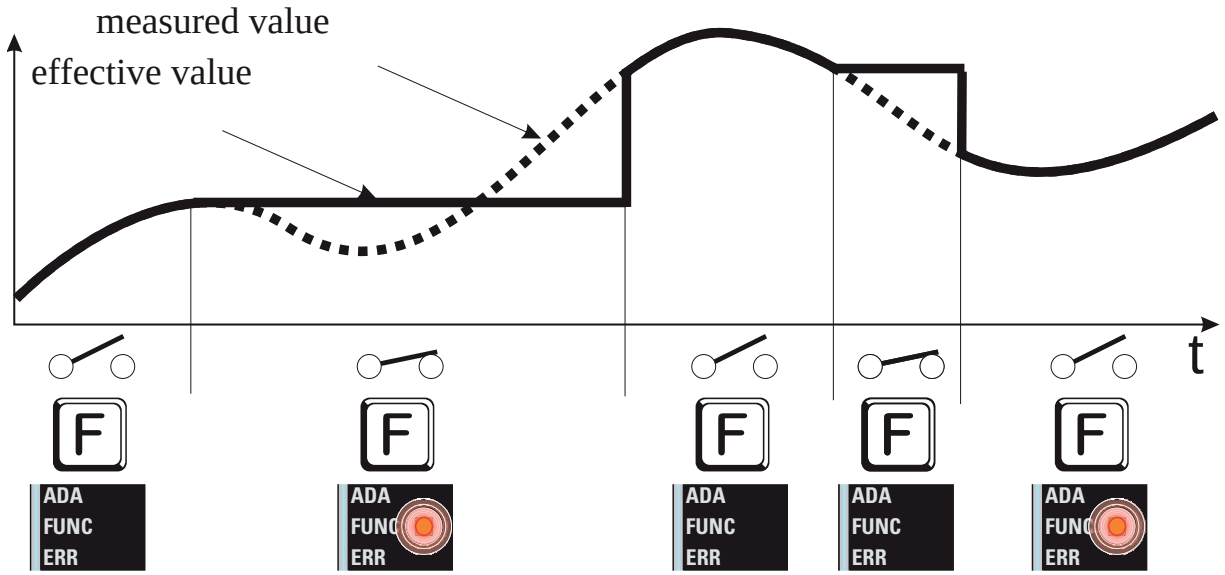
When switching on the tare function, the instantaneous measured value is set to zero. In this case, measurement is continued with this offset. By switching off the tare function, the actual measured value is displayed again.



Tare can be activated during configuration (Func → Fnc.1 = 1).
Dependent of configuration, tare can be made effective via one of the digital inputs di1, di2, di3, the F key or interface (LOGI → tArA).

3.3.3 Sample&hold amplifier

With the sample & hold function activated, the measured value is held on the display. By switching off the sample & hold function, the actual measured value is displayed again.



Sample & hold can be activated during configuration (Func → Fnc.1 = 2).
Dependent of configuration, sample & hold can be made effective via one of the digital inputs di1, di2, di3,the F -key or via interface (LOGI → HOLd).

3.3.4 O_2 measurement

For measurement, lambda probes (λ probes) are used.
The electromotive force (in Volt) supplied by the λ probes is dependent of the instantaneous oxygen content and of the temperature. Therefore, DAL 401 can display accurate measurement results only, provided that the probe temperature is known to the indicator.
Enter the temperature in °C in parameter **tEmP** . When using heated λ probes, the probe temperature can be entered directly. When using non-heated λ probes, however, the displayed values can be accurate only for a narrow temperature band.

Unless the probe temperature is known, we recommend using our KS90-1 Oxygen (temperature measurement via a second input).

Configuration:
Adjust O_2 measurement in **function 1:**

Func →Fnc.1	3	O2 measurement

Display: The displayed value is always a % value.
As it is mostly necessary to cover a wide measuring range, we recommend adjusting a high number of digits behind the decimal point during configuration, whereby loss of high values is prevented due to floating decimal point display (0,0001 (1 ppm) to 99999 is possible) .

Specify the number of digits behind the decimal point below **othr** :

othr →dP	0	0 digits behind the decimal point
	1	1 digit behind the decimal point
	2	2 digits behind the decimal point
	3	3 digits behind the decimal point
	4	4 digits behind the decimal point

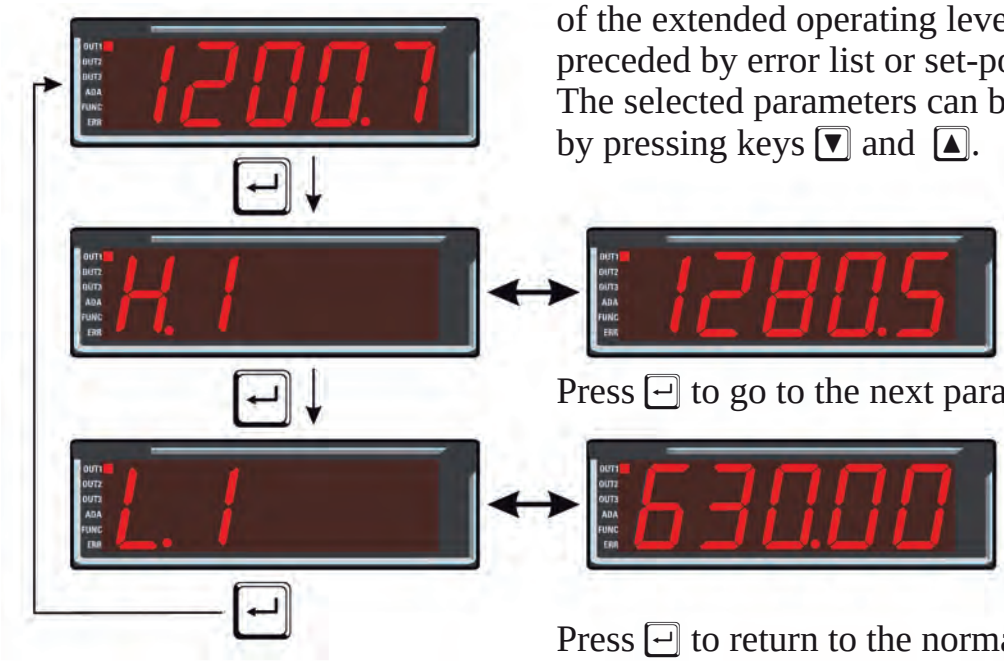
Adjust the sensor type to one of the high-impedance voltage inputs in **InP**:

Specification in BlueControl			Effective measuring range
InP.1→ SEnS	41	Special (0...100 mV)	-2,5...115 mV
	42	Special (0...1000 mV)	-25...1150 mV
	43	Special (-25...90 mV)	
	44	Special (-500...500 mV)	

These high-impedance inputs are not provided with break monitoring. If necessary, measurement input protection is possible via limit value processing.

3.3.5 Extended operating level

The content of the extended operating level is determined by means of BlueControl (engineering tool). Parameters which are important or which are used frequently can be copied into the extended operating level.



Actuating key ↵ switches to the first value of the extended operating level (may be preceded by error list or set-point).
The selected parameters can be changed by pressing keys ▼ and ▲.

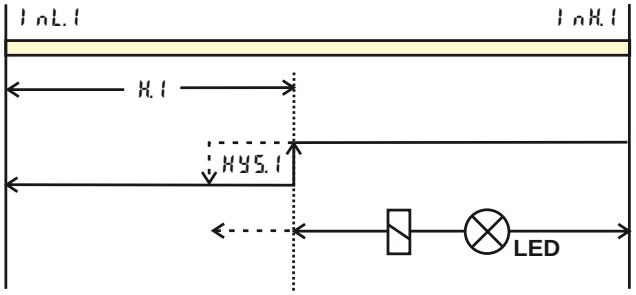
Press ↵ to go to the next parameter.

Press ↵ to return to the normal display after the last parameter .

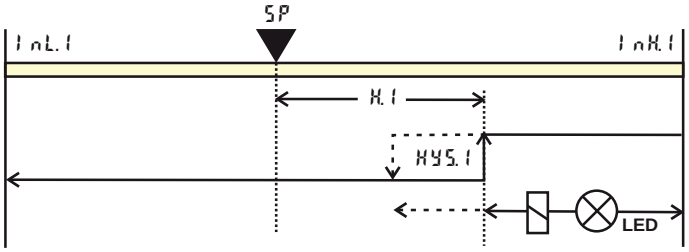
3.3.6 Alarm handling

Max. three alarms can be configured and assigned to the individual outputs. Generally, outputs Out.1... Out.3 can be used each for alarm signalling. If more than one signal is linked to one output the signals are OR linked. Each of the 3 limit values LIM.1 ... LIM.3 has 2 trigger points H.x (Max) and L.x (Min), which can be switched off individually (parameter = "OFF"). Switching difference HYS.x of each limit value is adjustable.

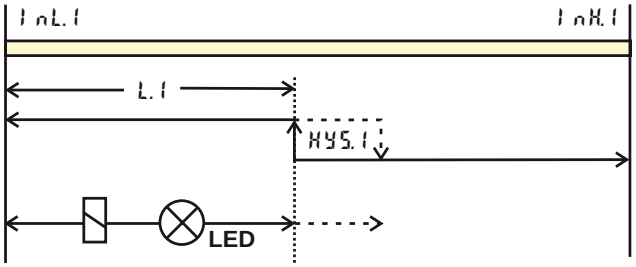
Operaing principle absolut alarm
L.1 = OFF



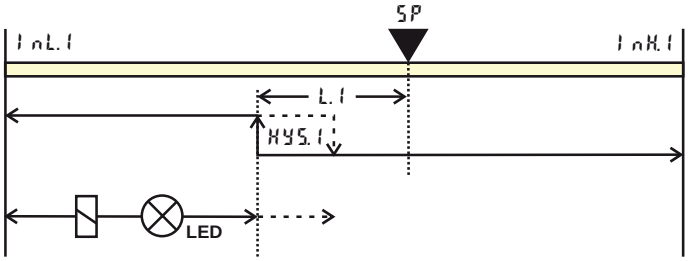
Operating principle relative alarm
L.1 = OFF

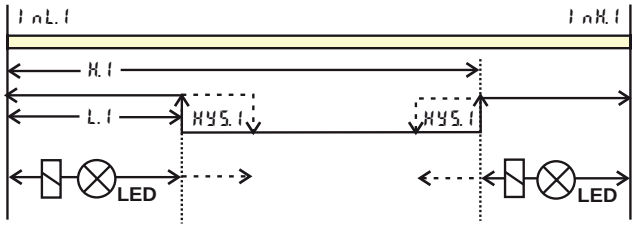


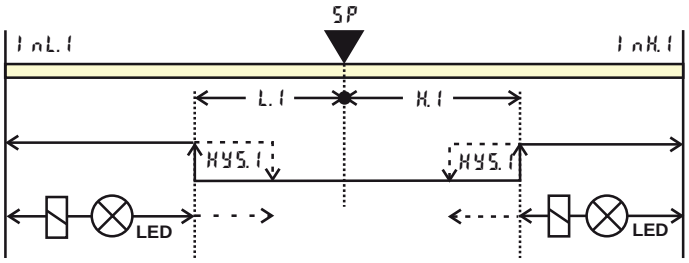
H.1 = OFF



H.1 = OFF







normally closed (ConF / Out.x / O.Act = 0)
normally open (ConF / Out.x / O.Act = 1)

The variable to be monitored can be selected seperately for each alarm via configuration
The following variables can be monitored:

- process value
- control deviation xw (process value - set-point)
- control deviation xw + suppression after start-up or set-point change
  As there is automatically a control deviation after starting up and after set-point changes, however, the alarm is suppressed, until the signal was within the limits once.
- Set-point
- Correcting variable y (controller output signal)

If measured value monitoring + alarm status storage is chosen (ConF / L in / Fnc.x = 2), the alarm relay remains switched on until the alarm is resetted in the error list (L in 1..3 = 1) or via interface.

3.4 *Maintenance manager / Error list*

In case of one or several errors, the extended operating level always starts with the error list. A current entry into the error list (alarm or error) is displayed by the Err LED in the display.
For displaying the error list, pressing 1x ↵ is necessary. (with configuration as a controller, press 2x ↵).

Err LED status	Signification	Proceed as follows
blinks	Alarm due to existing error	- Determine the error type in the error list via the error number - Remove the error
lit	Error removed, Alarm not acknowledged	- Acknowledge the alarm in the error list pressing key ▲ or ▼ - The alarm entry was deleted.
off	No error, all alarm entries deleted	

Saved alarms (Err-LED is lit) can be acknowledged and deleted with the digital input di1/2/3 or the ⎚-key.
Configuration, see page 31: ConF / LOGI / Err.r

If an alarm is still valid that means the cause of the alarm is not removed so far (Err-LED blinks), then other saved alarms can not be acknowledged and deleted.

Error status	Signification	
2	Existing error	Change to error status 1 after error removal
1	Stored error	Change to error status 0 after acknowledgement in error list
0	No error/message	not visible, except with acknowledgement

4 Controller

In addition to the simple indicator function, DAL 401 can be used also as a signaller or an on/off controller, as a two point or a continuous controller.

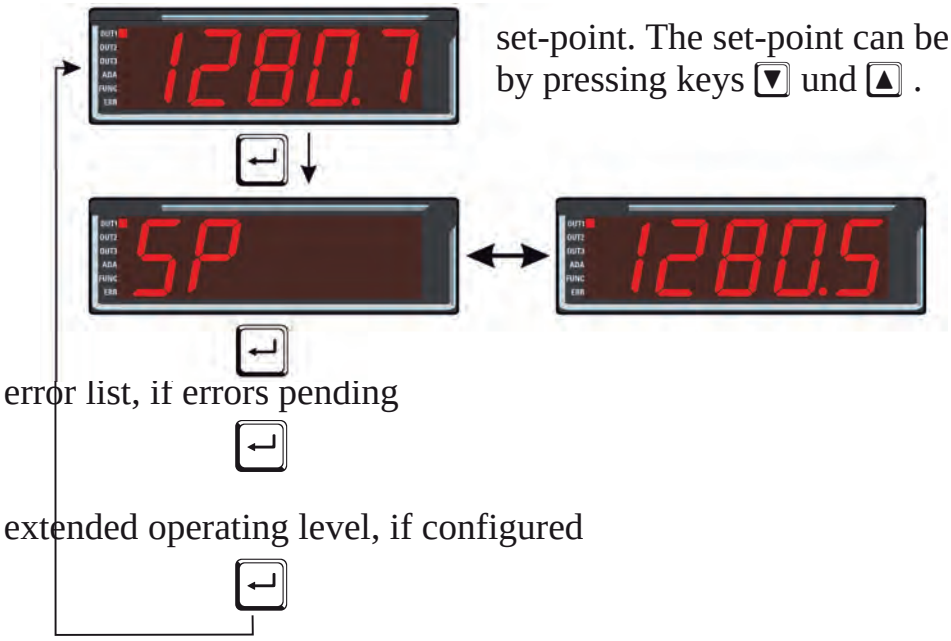
Prerequisite: DAL 401 is fitted with option “with outputs” and is configured for the controller function.

Configuration:
Function 2 provides selection between indicator and controller:

Func → Fnc.2		Controller

4.1 *Operation*

Adjusting the set-point



set-point. The set-point can be changed by pressing keys ▼ und ▲ .

error list, if errors pending

extended operating level, if configured

4.2 *Control parameters*

The range of different processes to be controlled is very wide, from very fast pressure control to very slow thermal processes such as control of a blast furnace. As the controller behaviour has to be different with each of these processes, the control parameters must be adjusted for the relevant process individually. Adjustment can be done either manually or by the controller itself.

4.3 *Self-tuning*

After starting by the operator, the controller makes a self-tuning attempt. The controller uses the process characteristics for quick line-out to the set-point without overshoot.

Self-tuning start can be locked via BlueControl (engineering tool) (P.Loc).

t1 and td are taken into account only, if they were ≠ OFF previously.

4.3.1 Self-tuning start (↵ + ▲)

The operator can start self-tuning at any time. For this, keys ↵ and ▲ must be pressed simultaneously. The AdA LED starts blinking.
The controller outputs 0% or Y1.Lo, waits until the process is at rest and starts self-tuning (AdA LED lit permanently).

The self-tuning attempt is started when the following prerequisite is met:

- The difference between process value ↔ set-point must be ≥ 10% of the set-point range (SP.H1 - SP.L0) (with inverse action: process value smaller than set-point, with direct action: process value higher than set-point).

After successful self-tuning, the AdA-LED is off and the controller continues operating with the new control parameters.

4.3.2 Self-tuning cancellation

By the operator:
Self-tuning can always be cancelled by the operator. For this, press ↵ and ▲ key simultaneously. The controller continues operating with the old parameters.

By the controller:
If the Err LED starts blinking whilst self-tuning is running, successful self-tuning is prevented due to the control conditions. In this case, self-tuning was cancelled by the controller.
Dependent of control type, the output status is:

- 3-pnt. stepping controller:
  actuator is closed (0% output)
- 2-pnt./ 3-pnt./ continuous controller:
  If self-tuning was started from the automatic mode, the controller output is 0%. With self-tuning started from manual mode, the controller output is Y2.

Error-Status Selfoptimization

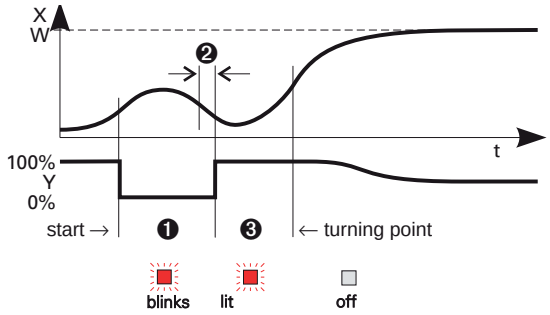
Error status	Description	Behaviour
0	No error	
3	Faulty control action	Re-configure controller (inverse ↔ direct)
4	No response of process variable	The control loop is perhaps not closed: check sensor, connections and process
5	Low reversal point	Increase (ADA.H) max. output limiting Y.Hi or decrease (ADA.C) min. output limiting Y.Lo
6	Danger of exceeded set-point (parameter determined)	If necessary, increase (inverse) or reduce (direct) set-point
7	Output step change too small (dy > 5%)	Increase (ADA.H) max. output limiting Y.Hi or reduce (ADA.C) min. output limiting Y.Lo
8	Set-point reserve too small	Increase set-point (inverse), reduce set-point (direct) or increase set-point range(r PArA / SEtp / SP.LO and SP.Hi)

4.3.3 Acknowledgement procedures in case of unsuccessful self-tuning

1. Press keys ↵ and ▲ simultaneously:
   The controller continues controlling using the old parameters
   The Err LED continues blinking, until the self-tuning error was acknowledged in the error list.
2. Press key ↵ :
   Display of error list at extended operating level. After acknowledgement of the error message, the controller continues control using the old parameters.

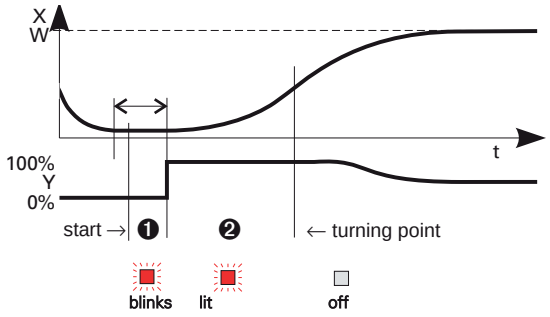
4.3.4 Examples for self-tuning attempts
4.3.5 (controller inverse, heating or heating/cooling)

Start: heating power switched on
Heating power Y is switched off (❶).
When the change of process value X was constant during one minute (❷), the power is switched on (❸).
At the reversal point, the self-tuning attempt is finished and the new parameter are used for controlling to set-point W.



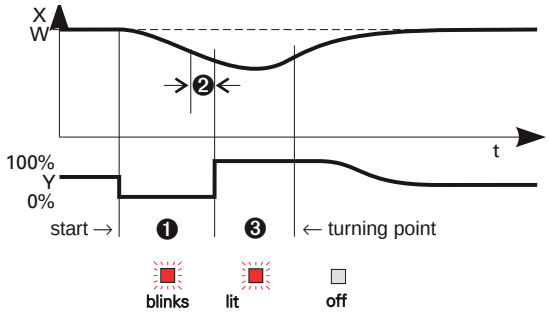
Start: heating power switched off

The controller waits 1,5 minutes (❶). Heating power Y is switched on (❷). At the reversal point, the self-tuning attempt is finished and control to the set-point is using the new parameters.



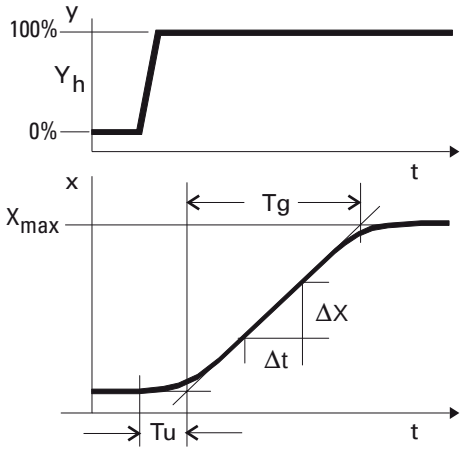
Start: at set-point

Heating power Y is switched off (❶). If the change of process value X was constant during one minute and the control deviation is > 10% of SP.H - SP.L (❷), the power is switched on (❸). At the reversal point, the self-tuning attempt is finished, and control to set-point W is using the new parameters.



4.4 *Manual tuning*

The optimization aid should be used with units on which the control parameters shall be set without self-tuning.
For this, the response of process variable x after a step change of correcting variable y can be used. Frequently, plotting the complete response curve (0 to 100%) is not possible, because the process must be kept within defined limits. Values T_g and x_{max} (step change from 0 to 100 %) or Δt and Δx (partial step response) can be used to determine the maximum rate of increase v_{max}.



y = correcting variable
Y_h = control range
Tu = delay time (s)
Tg = recovery time (s)
X_{max} = maximum process value

$$V_{max} = \frac{Xmax}{Tg} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \triangleq \text{max. rate of increase of process value}$$

The control parameters can be determined from the values calculated for delay time T_u , maximum rate of increase v_{max}, control range X_h and characteristic K according to the **formulas** given below. Increase Xp, if line-out to the set-point oscillates.

Parameter adjustment effects

Parameter		Control	Line-out of disturbances	Start-up behaviour
Pb1	higher	increased damping	slower line-out	slower reduction of duty cycle
	lower	reduced damping	faster line-out	faster reduction of duty cycle
td1	higher	reduced damping	faster response to disturbances	faster reduction of duty cycle
	lower	increased damping	slower response to disturbances	slower reduction of duty cycle
ti1	higher	increased damping	slower line-out	slower reduction of duty cycle
	lower	reduced damping	faster line-out	faster reduction of duty cycle

$K = Vmax * Tu$

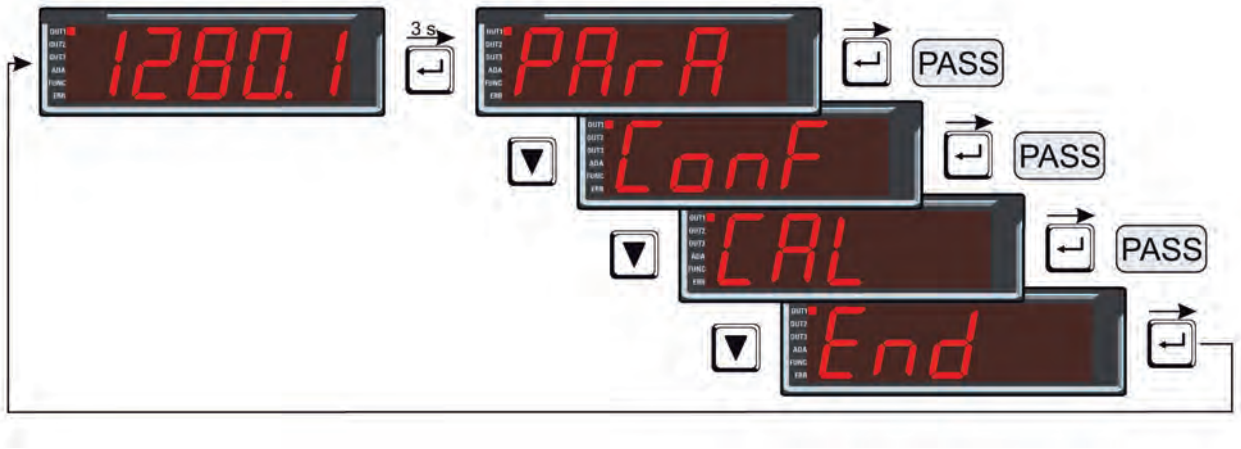
With 2-point and 3-point controllers, the cycle time must be adjusted to t1 / t2 £ 0,25 * Tu

Formulas

controller behavior	Pb1 [phy. units]	td1 [s]	ti1 [s]
PID	1,7 * K	2 * Tu	2 * Tu
PD	0,5 * K	Tu	OFF
PI	2,6 * K	OFF	6 * Tu
P	K	OFF	OFF
3-point-stepping	1,7 * K	Tu	2 * Tu

4.5 *Operating structure*

After supply voltage switch-on, the controller starts with the **operating levels**.



PArA - level:
At PArA - level, the right decimal point of the upper display line is *lit continuously*.

ConF - level:
At ConF - level, the right decimal point of the upper display line *blinks*

PASS

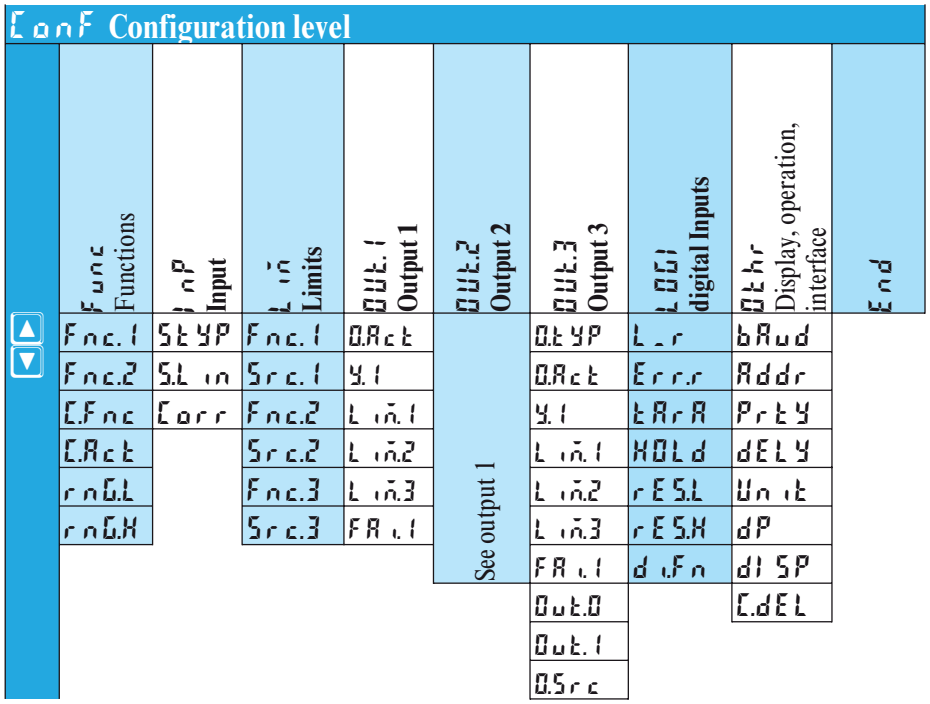
When safety switch **Loc** is open, only the levels enabled by means of BlueControl (engineering tool) are visible and accessible by entry of the password adjusted by means of BlueControl (engineering tool). Individual parameters accessible without password must be copied to the extended operating level.

Factory setting: Safety switch **Loc** closed: all levels accessible without restriction, password PASS = OFF.

Safety switch Loc	Password entered with BluePort®	Function disabled or enabled with BluePort®	Access via the instrument front panel:
closed	OFF / password	disabled / enabled	**enabled**
open	OFF / password	disabled	**disabled**
open	OFF	enabled	**enabled**
open	Password	enabled	**enabled after password entry**

5 Configuration level

5.1 *Configuration survey*



Adjustment:

- The configuratiuons can be adjusted by means of keys ▲▼ .
- Transition to the next configuration is by pressing key ↵ .
- After the last configuration of a group, donE is displayed and followed by automatic change to the next group

Return to the beginning of a group by pressing the ↵ key for 3 sec.

5.2 *Configuration*

Dependent of instrument version and configuration, spare parameters are not displayed.

Func

name	value range	description	default
Fnc.1		**function 1**	0
	0	no function	
	1	tare - function	
	2	sample & hold	
	3	O2 - measuring	
Fnc.2		**function 2**	0
	0	indicator	
	1	controller	
C.Fnc		**controller behavior (algorithm)**	1
	0	on/off controller e.g. signaller with one output	
	1	PID-controller (2-point and continuous)	
C.Act		operating principle of the controller	0
	0	inverse, e.g. heating	
	1	direct, e.g. cooling	
rnG.L	-19999...99999	**X0 (lower controlrange limit)** ❶	-100
rnG.H	-19999...99999	**X100 (upper controlrange limit)** ❶	1200

❶ rnG.L and rnG.H indicate the control range to which self-tuning refers.

InP

name	value range	description	default
S.typ		**sensortype**	1
	0	thermocouple type L (-100...900°C), Fe-CuNi DIN	
	1	thermocouple type J (-100...1200°C), Fe-CuNi	
	2	thermocouple type K (-100...1350°C), NiCr-Ni	
	3	thermocouple type N (-100...1300°C), Nicrosil-Nisil	
	4	thermocouple type S (0...1760°C), PtRh-Pt10%	
	5	thermocouple type R (0...1760°C), PtRh-Pt13%	
	6	thermocouple type T (-200...400°C), Cu-CuNi	
	7	thermocouple type C (0...2315°C), W5%Re-W26%Re	
	8	thermocouple type D (0...2315°C), W3%Re-W25%Re	
	9	thermocouple type E (-100...1000°C), NiCr-CuNi	
	10	thermocouple type B (0/100...1820°C), PtRh-Pt6%	
	18	thermocouple Sonder (linearization necessary)	
	20	pt100 (-200.0 ... 100,0 °C)	
	21	pt100 (-200.0 ... 850,0 °C)	
	22	pt1000 (-200.0...8500.0 °C)	
	23	special 0...4500 Ohm (preset to KTY11-6)	
	24	special 0...450 Ohm (scaling necessary)	
	30	0...20mA / 4...20 mA (scaling necessary → page 36)	
	40	0...10V / 2...10 V (scaling necessary → page36)	

name	value range	description	default
	41	special (-2,5...115 mV scaling necessary → page36)	
	42	special (-25...1150 mV scaling necessary → page 36)	
	43	special (-25...90 mV scaling necessary → page 36)	
	44	special (-500...500 mV scaling necessary → page 36)	
	45	special (-5...5 V scaling necessary → page 36)	
	50	potentiometer 0...160 Ohm	
	51	potentiometer 0...450 Ohm	
	52	potentiometer 0...1600 Ohm	
S.L in		**linearization only adjustable with S.t YP : 18, 23, 24, 30, 40 ... 45**	0
	0	none	
	1	Special linearization Editing the linearization table with BlueControl (engineering tool) is possible. The characteristic for KTY 11-6 temperature sensors is factory-set.	
Corr		**measurement value correction / scaling**	0
	0	no correction	
	1	offset-correction (in CAL - level)	
	2	2-point-correction (in CAL - level)	
	3	scaling (in PArA - level)	
fAI1		**forcing INP** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	no forcing	
	1	forcing via interface	

L in

name	value range	description	default
Fnc.1 Fnc.2 Fnc.3		**function of limit 1 (2, 3)**	1
	0	switched off	
	1	measured value monitoring	
	2	measured value monitoring + storing of alarm status. A stored limit value can be set back via error list or digital input or F -key (→ LOGI /Err.r).	
	3	signal change	
	4	signal change + storing of alarm status. A stored limit value can be set back via error list or digital input or F -key (→ LOGI /Err.r).	
Src.1 Src.2 Src.3		**source for limit value 1 (2, 3)**	0
	0	process value = absolut alarm	
	1	control deviation Xw (processvalue - set-point) = relative alarm	
	2	control deviation Xw (=relative alarm) with suppression at start and with set-point change	
	3	measured value INP	
	6	set-point	
	7	y (controller output)	
Hour	OFF..999999	**operating hours** (only visible with BlueControl!)	OFF
Swit	OFF..999999	**operation cycle number** (only visible with BlueControl!)	OFF

Out.1 und Out.2

name	value range	description	default
O.Act		**circuit direction of output OUT1**	0
	0	direct / open circuit principle	
	1	inverse / closed circuit priciple	
Y.1		**controller output Y1**	0
	0	not active	
	1	active	
Lim.1 Lim.2 Lim.3		**message limit value 1/2/3**	
	0	not active	
	1	active	Out.1/2/3
FA.1		**message INP error**	0
	0	not active	
	1	active	
fOut		**forcing OUT1 (2)** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	no forcing	
	1	forcing via interface	

Out.3

name	value range	description	default
O.typ		**signaltype OUT3**	0
	0	relay / logic	
	1	0 ... 20 mA continuous	
	2	4 ... 20 mA continuous	
	3	0...10V continuous	
	4	2...10V continuous	
	5	transmitter supply	
O.Act		**circuit direction of output OUT3 (only visible with O.TYP=0)**	1
	0	direct / open circuit principle	
	1	inverse / closed circuit priciple	
Y.1		**controller output Y1 (only visible with O.TYP=0)**	0
	0	not active	
	1	active	
Lim.1		**message limit value 1 (only visible with O.TYP=0)**	1
	0	not active	
	1	active	
Lim.2 Lim.3		**message limit value 2/3 (only visible with O.TYP=0)**	0
	0	not active	
	1	active	
FA.1		**message INP-error (only visible with O.TYP=0)**	1
	0	not active	
	1	active	
Out.0	-19999... 99999	**scaling of analog output for 0% (0/4mA e.g. 0/2V, only visible with O.TYP=1..5)**	0
Out.1	-19999... 99999	**scaling of analog output for 100% (20mA bzw. 10V, only visible with O.TYP=1..5)**	100

name	value range	description	default
O.Src		**signalsource for analog output OUT3 (only visible with O.TYP=1..5)**	1
	0	not active	
	1	controller output y1 (continuous)	
	3	process value	
	4	effective set-point Weff	
	5	control deviation xw (process value - set-point)	
fOut		**forcing OUT3** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	no forcing	
	1	forcing via interface	

LOGI

name	value range	description	default
L.r		**local / remote swith-over (remote:** adjustment of all values via front is blocked)	0
	0	no function (switch-over via interface is possible)	
	1	always active	
	2	di1 switches	
	3	di2 switches(only visible with OPTION)	
	4	di3 switches(only visible with OPTION)	
	5	F -key switches	
Err.r		**reset of all stored messages of the errorlist**	0
	0	no function (switch-over via interface is possible)	
	2	di1 switches	
	3	di2 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	4	di3 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	5	F -key switches	
tArA			0
	0	no function (switch-over via interface is possible)	
	2	di1 switches	
	3	di2 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	4	di3 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	5	F -key switches	
HoLd			0
	0	no function (switch-over via interface is possible)	
	2	di1 switches	
	3	di2 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	4	di3 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	5	F -key switches	
rESL			0
	0	no function (switch-over via interface is possible)	
	2	di1 switches	
	3	di2 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	4	di3 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	5	F -key switches	

name	value range	description	default
rES.H			0
	0	no function (switch-over via interface is possible)	
	2	di1 switches	
	3	di2 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	4	di3 switches (only visible with OPTION)	
	5	F -key switches	
d.Fn		**function of digital inputs (valid for all inputs)**	0
	0	direct	
	1	inverse	
	2	keyfunction (adjustable for 2-point-operation with interface and di1/2/3 or front-key)	
fDI1 fDI2 fDI3		**forcing di1/di2/di3** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	no forcing	
	1	forcing via interface	

othr

name	value range	description	default
bAud		**baudrate of interface** (only visible with OPTION)	2
	0	2400 baud	
	1	4800 baud	
	2	9600 baud	
	3	19200 baud	
Addr	1...247	**adresse of Schnittstelle** (only visible with OPTION)	1
PrtY		**parity of data on interface (only visible with OPTION)**	1
	0	no parity (2 stopbits)	
	1	even parity	
	2	odd parity	
	3	no parity with 1 stopbit	
dELY	0...200	**response delay [ms]** (only visible with OPTION)	0
Unit		**unit**	1
	0	no unit	
	1	°C	
	2	°F	
dP		**dezimalpoint (max. dezimalpoint)**	0
	0	no decimalplace	
	1	1 decimalplace	
	2	2 decimalplaces	
	3	3 decimalplaces	
	4	4 decimalplaces	
diSP		measuring value display	1
	1	full display resolution	
	2	display resolution= 2 digits	
	3	display resolution= 5 digits	
	4	display resolution= 10 digits	
	5	display resolution= 20 digits	
	6	display resolution= 50 digits	
	7	display resolution= 100 digits	

name	value range	description	default
C.dEL	0..200	**modem delay [ms]**	0
FrEq		**switch-over 50/60 Hz** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	netfrequency 50 Hz	
	1	netfrequency 60 Hz	
IAdA		**blocked selfoptimization** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	free	
	1	blocked	
IExo		**extended operation level blocked** (only visible with BlueControl!)	0
	0	free	
	1	blocked	
ILat		suppression error memory	
	0	free	
	1	blocked	
Pass	OFF...99999	password -19999 ...99999	OFF
IPar		**parameterlevel blocked** (only visible with BlueControl!)	1
	0	free	
	1	blocked	
ICnf		**configurationlevel blocked** (only visible with BlueControl!)	1
	0	free	
	1	blocked	
ICal		**calibrationlevel blocked** (only visible with BlueControl!)	1
	0	free	
	1	blocked	

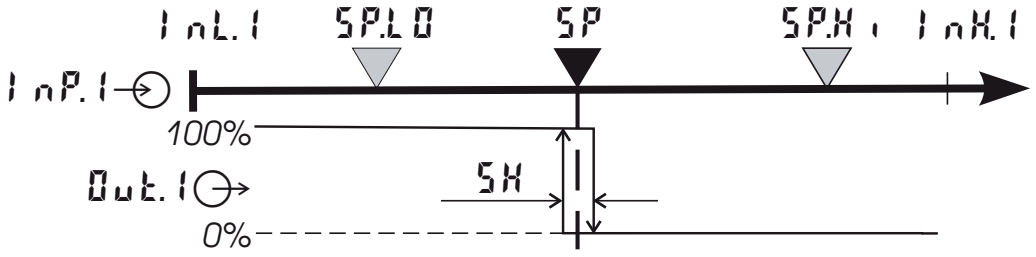
Resetting the controller configuration to factory setting (Default)
→ **chapter 11.1 (page 47)**

BlueControl - the engineering tool for the BluePort® controller series

Three engineering tools with different functionality facilitating DAL 401 configuration and parameter setting are available (see chapter 8 : Accessory equipment with ordering information). In addition to configuration and parameter setting, the engineering tools are used for data acquisition and offer long-term storage and print functions. The engineering tools are connected to DAL 401 via the front-panel interface „BluePort„ by means of PC (Windows 95 / 98 / NT) and a PC adaptor.
Description BlueControl: see chapter 8: BlueControl (page 40)

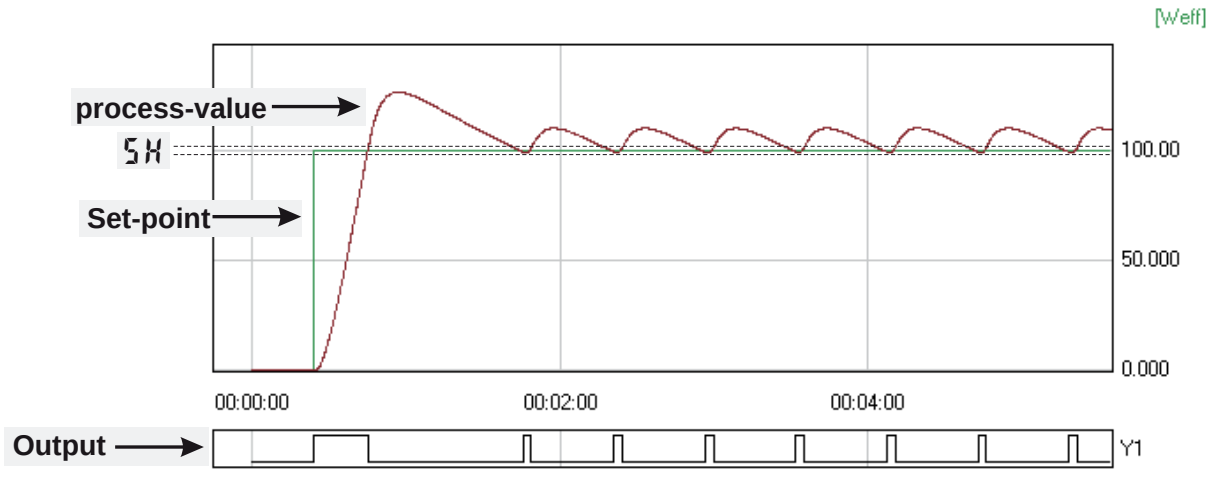
5.3 *Configuration examples*

5.3.1 On-Off controller / Signaller (inverse)

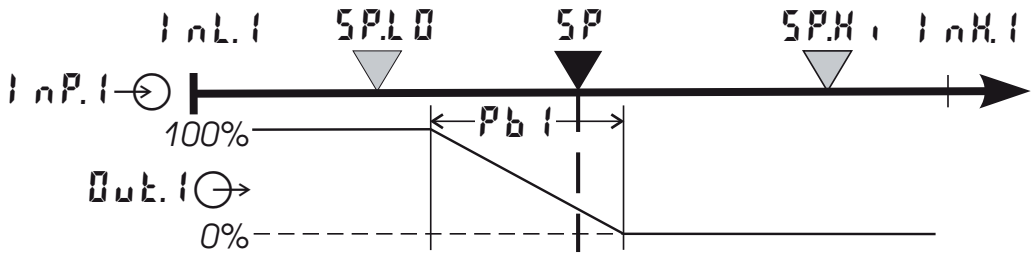


ConF / Cntr:	SP.Fn	= 0	set-point controller
	C.Fnc	= 0	signaller with one output
	C.Act	= 0	inverse action (e.g. heating applications)
ConF / Out.1:	O.Act	= 0	action Out.1 direct
	Y.1	= 1	control output Y1 active
PArA / Cntr:	SH	= 0...9999	switching difference (symmetrical to the trigger point)
PArA / SEtP:	SP.LO	= -1999...9999	set-point limit low for Weff
	SP.H1	= -1999...9999	set-point limit high for Weff

For direct signaller action, the controller action must be changed
(ConF / Cntr / C.Act = 1)

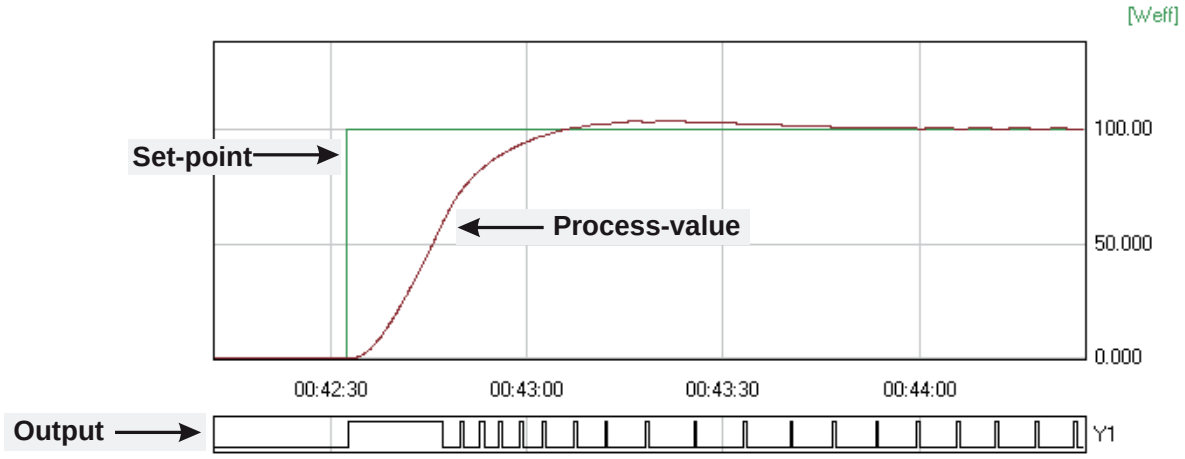


5.3.2 2-point controller (inverse)

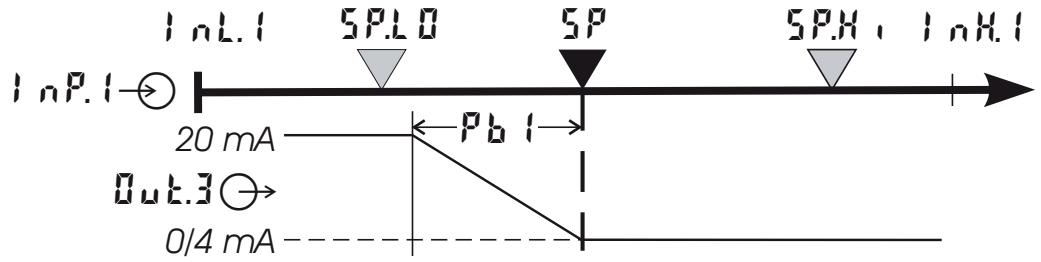


ConF / Entr:	SP.Fn=0		set-point controller
	C.Fnc	= 1	2-point controller (PID)
	C.Act	= 0	inverse action (e.g. heating applications)
ConF / Out.1:	O.Act	= 0	action Out.1 direct
	Y.1	= 1	control output Y1 active
PArA / Entr:	Pb1	= 0,1...9999	proportional band 1 (heating) in units of phys. quantity (e.g. °C)
	t.1	= 1...9999	integral time 1 (heating) in sec.
	td1	= 1...9999	derivative time 1 (heating) in sec.
	t1	= 0,4...9999	min. cycle time 1 (heating)
PArA / SEtP:	SP.LO	= -1999...9999	set-point limit low for Weff
	SP.H.	= -1999...9999	set-point limit high for Weff

For direct action, the controller action must be changed (ConF / Entr / C.Act = 1).



5.3.3 Continuous controller (inverse)

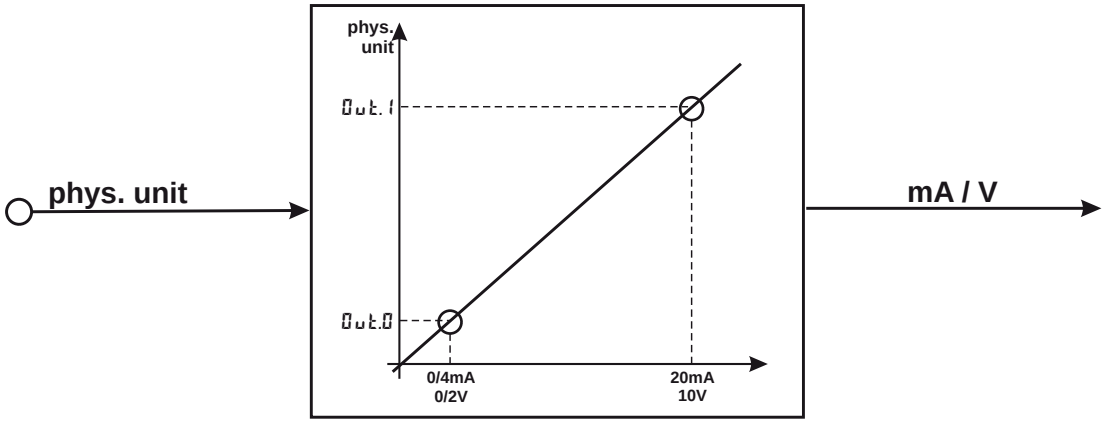


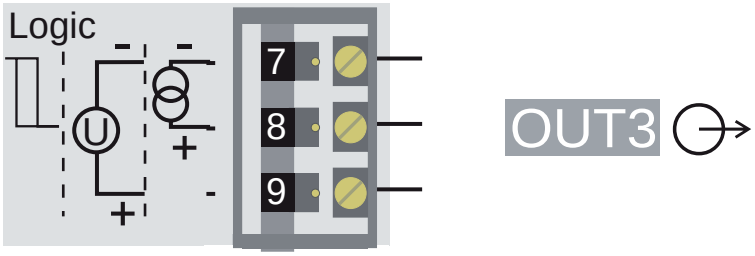
ConF / Cntr:	SP.Fn=0		set-point controller
	C.Fnc = 1		continuous controller (PID)
	C.Act = 0		inverse action (e.g. heating applications)
ConF / Out.3:	O.tYP = 1 / 2		Out.3 type (0/4 … 20mA)
	Out.0 =	-1999...9999	scaling analog output 0/4mA
	Out.1 =	-1999...9999	scaling analog output 20mA
PArA / Cntr:	Pb 1 =	0,1...9999	proportional band 1 (heating) in units of phys. quantity (e.g. °C)
	t , 1 =	1...9999	integral time 1 (heating) in sec.
	td 1 =	1...9999	derivative time 1 (heating) in sec.
	t 1 =	0,4...9999	min. cycle time 1 (heating)
PArA / SEtP:	SP.LO =	-1999...9999	set-point limit low for Weff
	SP.H , =	-1999...9999	set-point limit high for Weff

For direct action of the continuous controller, the controller action must be changed (ConF / Cntr / C.Act = 1).

To prevent control outputs Out.1 and Out.2 of the continuous controller from switching simultaneously, the control function of outputs Out.1 and Out.2 must be switched off (ConF / Out.1 and Out.2 / Y.1 and Y.2 = 0).

5.3.4 DAL 401 with measured value output



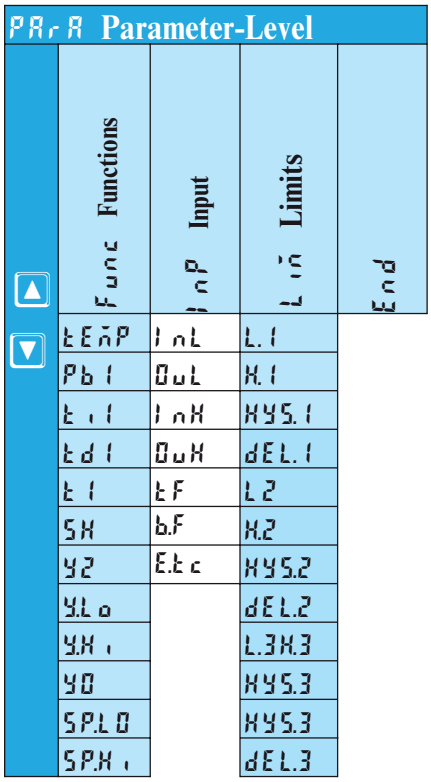


ConF / Out.3:	OtYP	= 1	Out.3 0...20mA continuous
		= 2	Out.3 4...20mA continuous
		= 3	Out.3 0...10V continuous
		= 4	Out.3 2...10V continuous
	Out.0	= -1999...9999	scaling Out.3 for 0/4mA or 0/2V
	Out.1	= -1999...9999	scaling Out.3 for 20mA or 10V
	OSrc=3		signal source for Out.3 is the process value

6 Parameter setting level

6.1 *Parameter survey*

Depending on unit version and configuration spare parameters are not shown.



Adjustment:

- The parameters can be adjusted by means of keys ▲▼
- Transition to the next parameter is by pressing key ↵
- After the last parameter of a group, `donE` is displayed, followed by automatic change to the next group.

Return to the beginning of a group is by pressing the ↵ key for 3 sec.

If for 30 sec. no keypress is excecuted the controler returns to the process value and setpoint display (Time Out = 30 sec.)

6.2 *Parameter*

Func

name	value range	description	default
tEmP	1...99999 ❶	probetemperature for O_2 measuring	650
Pb1	1...99999 ❶	proportional band in phys. unit (z.B. °C)	100
t.1	1...99999	reset time 1 [s] (ti1=0 ≙ off = switched off)	180
td1	1...99999	derivative time1 (heating) [s] (td1=0 ≙ off = switched off)	180
t1	0,4...99999	min. cycle duration1 (heating) [s]. The smallest pulse duration is 1/4 x t1	10
SH	0...9999	neutral zone, e.g. switching difference signalunit [phys. unit]	2
Y2	-120...120	2nd control value [%] becomes effective with recognized process value error -FAIL	0
Y.Lo	-120...120	lower controller value limit [%]	0
Y.H.	-120...120	upper controller value limit [%]	100
Y0	-120...120	working point for controller value [%]	0
SP.LO	-99999...99999	lower set-point limit [phys. unit]	0
SP.H.	-99999...99999	upper set-point limit [phys. unit]	100

❶ Valid for ConF / otHr / dP = 0. At dP = 1/2/3/4 so 0,1 / 0,01 / 0,001, 0,0001.

InP

name	value range	description	default
InL	-19999...99999	input value of lower scaling point	0
OuL	-19999...99999	display value of lower scaling point	0
InH	-19999...99999	input value of upper scaling point	20
OuH	-19999...99999	display value of upper scaling point	20
t.F	0,1...999,9	filtertime constant [s]	0,5
b.F	0...99999	filterbandwidth	5
E.tc	0...100	external temperaturecompensation	OFF

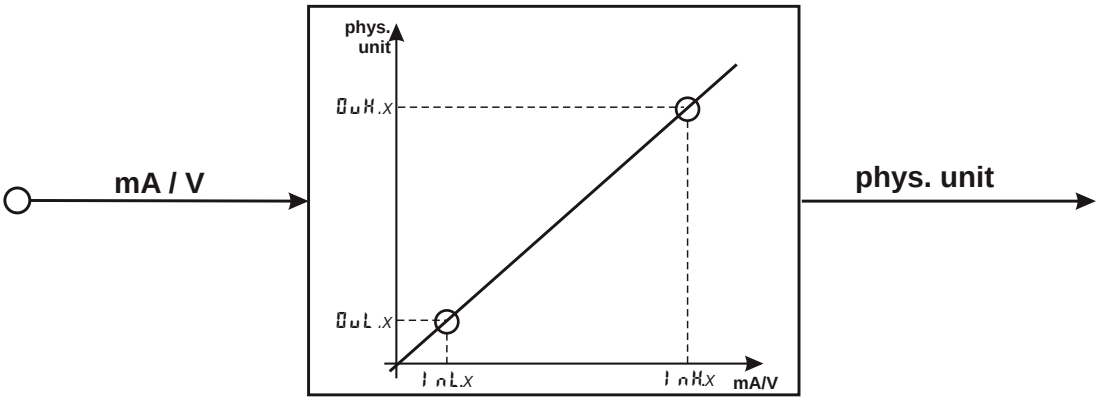
Lim

name	value range	description	default
L.1	-19999...99999	lower limit value 1 (L.1 < -19999 ≙ off)	-10
H.1	-19999...99999	upper limit value 1 (H.1 < -19999 ≙ off)	10
HYS.1	0...99999	hysteresis of limit value 1	1
dEL.1	0...99999	alarm 1 delay	0
L.2	-19999...99999	lower limit value 2 (L.2 < -19999 ≙ off)	OFF
H.2	-19999...99999	upper limit value 2 (H.2 < -19999 ≙ off)	OFF
HYS.2	0...99999	hysteresis of limit value 2	1
dEL.2	0...99999	alarm 2 delay	0
L.3	-19999...99999	lower limit value 3 (L.3 < -19999 ≙ off)	OFF
H.3	-19999...99999	upper limit value 3 (H.3 < -19999 ≙ off)	OFF
HYS.3	0...99999	hysteresis of limit value 3	1
dEL.3	0...99999	alarm 3 delay	0

Resetting the controller configuration to factory setting (Default)
→ chapter 11.1 (page 47)

6.3 *Input scaling*

When using current or voltage signals as input variables for `InP.1` or `InP.2`, scaling of input and display values at parameter setting level is required. Specification of the input value for lower and higher scaling point is in the relevant electrical unit (mA / V).



6.3.1 Input `InP`

Parameters `InL.1` , `OuL.1`, `InH.1` and `OuH.1` are only visible if `ConF` / `InP.1` / `Corr` = `3` is chosen.

The parameters `InL` and `InH` determine the input range
Example mA:
`InL` = 4 and InH 0 20 means, the measurement is from 4 to 20 mA.

For using the predetermined scaling with thermocouple and resistance thermometer (Pt100), the settings for `InL.1` and `OuL.1` and for `InH.1` and `OuH.1` must have the same value.

7 Calibration level

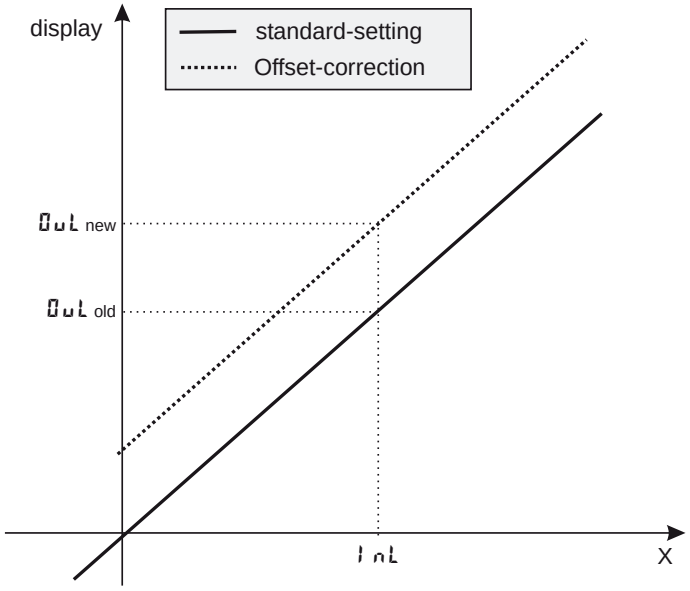
Measured value correction **(**CAL**)** is only visible if ConF / InP.1 / Corr = 1 or 2 is chosen.

The measured value can be matched in the calibration menu (CAL). Two methods are available:

7.1 *Offset correction*

(ConF / InP.1 / Corr = 1**):**

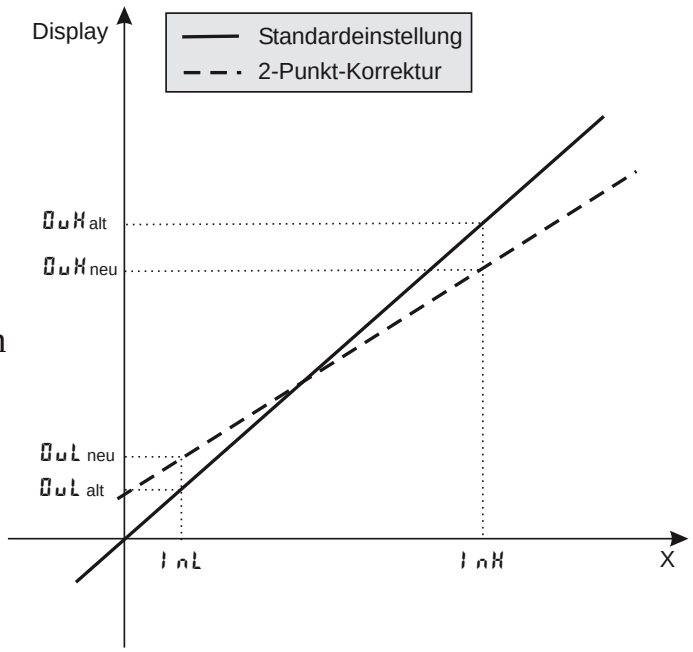
possible on-line at the process



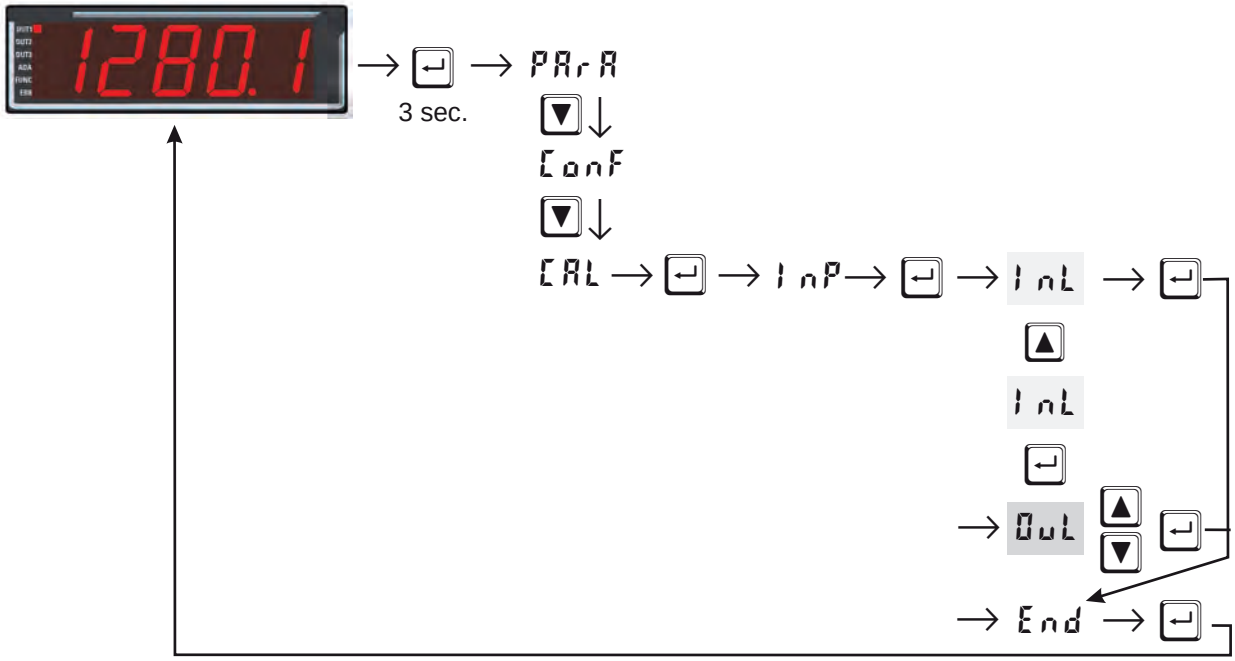
2-point correction

(ConF / InP.1 / Corr = 2**):**

- is possible off-line with process value simulator
- online in 2 Schritten zunächst den einen Wert korrigieren und später, z.B. nach dem Aufheizen des Ofens, den zweiten Wert korrigieren.



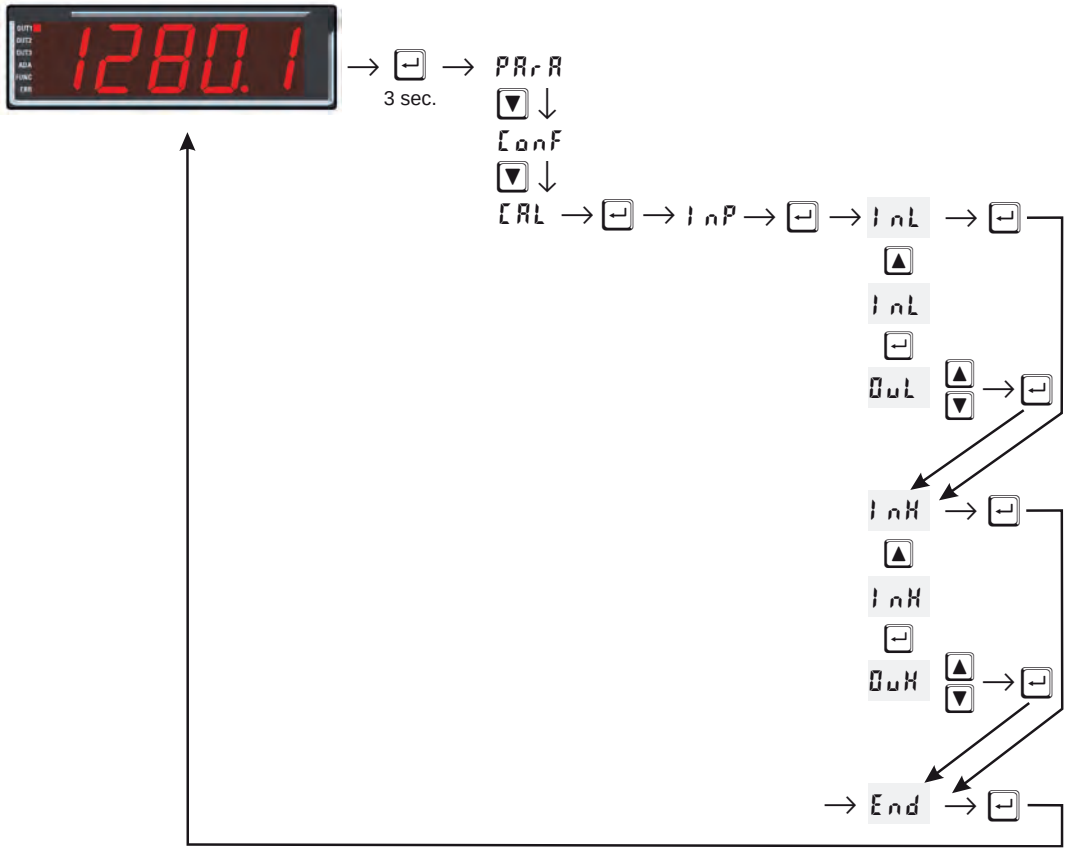
Offset correction (ConF / InP.1 / Corr = 1):



InL.1: The input value of the scaling point is displayed.
The operator must wait, until the process is at rest.
Subsequently, the operator acknowledges the input value by pressing key ↵.

OuL.1: The display value of the scaling point is displayed.
Before calibration, OuL.1 is equal to InL.1.
The operator can correct the display value by pressing keys ▲▼.
Subsequently, he confirms the display value by pressing key ↵.

2-point correction (ConF / InP.1 / Corr = 1):



InL.1: The input value of the lower scaling point is displayed.
The operator must adjust the lower input value by means of a process value simulator and confirm the input value by pressing key ↵.

OuL.1: The display value of the lower scaling point is displayed.
Before calibration, OuL.1 equals InL.1.
The operator can correct the lower display value by pressing the ▲▼ keys. Subsequently, he confirms the display value by pressing key ↵.

InH.1: The input value of the upper scaling point is displayed. .
The operator must adjust the upper input value by means of the process value simulator and confirm the input value by pressing key ↵.

OuH.1: The display value of the upper scaling point is displayed.
Before calibration OuH.1 equals InH.1.

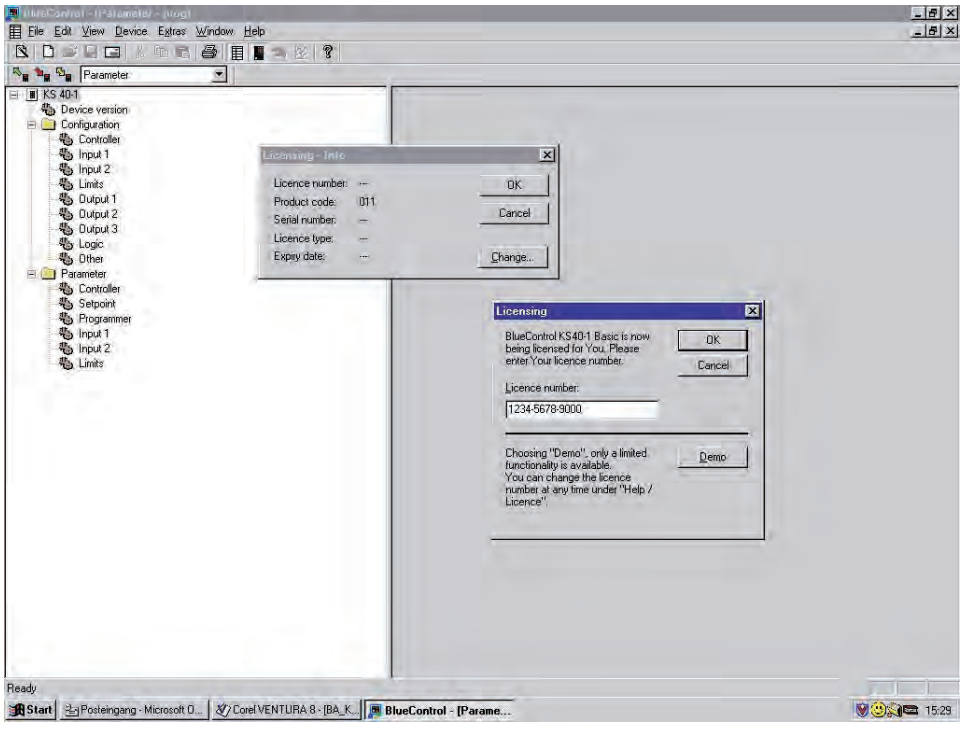
8 BlueControl

BlueControl is the projection environment for the BluePort® controller series. The following 3 versions with graded functionality are available:

Functionality	Mini	Basic	Expert
parameter and configuration setting	yes	yes	yes
controller and control loop simulation	yes	yes	yes
download: writes an engineering to the controller	yes	yes	yes
online mode/ visualisation	SIM only	yes	yes
creation of user defined linearizations	yes	yes	yes
configuration of extended operating level	yes	yes	yes
upload: reads an engineering from the controller	SIM only	yes	yes
diagnosis function	no	no	yes
file, save engineering data	no	yes	yes
printer function	no	yes	yes
online documentation, help system	no	yes	yes
measurement correction (calibration procedure)	no	yes	yes
program editor	no	no	yes
data acquisition and trend function	SIM only	yes	yes
network and multiuser licence	no	no	yes
personal assistant function	yes	yes	yes
extended simulation	no	no	yes
extended diagnose and service	no	no	yes

The mini version is - free of charge - at your disposal as download at ACS homepage www.acs-controlsystem.de or on the CD (please ask for).

At the end of the installation the licence number has to be stated or DEMO mode must be chosen. At DEMO mode the licence number can be stated subsequently under ***Help*** → ***Licence*** → ***Change***.



9 Versions

device version

0	90...250V AC without outputs
2	90...250V AC, 2 relay NO + mA/V/logic
4	90...250V AC, 2 relay-changeover
1	24V AC / 18...30V DC without outputs
3	24V AC / 18...30V DC, 2 relay NO + mA/V/logic
5	24V AC / 18...30V DC, 2 relay-changeover

options

0	no options
1	RS422/485 + transmitter power supply + di2,di3

software settings

0	standard configuration
1	display with 2 limit values (turnkey or changeover)
2	display with 2 limit values (turnkey) + analog output
9	configuration as specified

operating instructions

0	no operating instructions
D	operating instructions german
E	operating instructions english

Order code

DAL-401 S

Accessories delivered with the unit

Operating manual (if selected by the ordering code)

- 2 fixing clamps

Accessory equipment with ordering information

Description		Order no.
Heating current transformer 50A AC		9404-407-50001
PC-adaptor for the front-panel interface		9407-998-00001
Standard rail adaptor		9407-998-00061
Operating manual	German	9499-040-62718
Operating manual	English	9499-040-62711
Operating manual	French	9499-040-62732
Interface description Modbus RTU	German	9499-040-63518
Interface description Modbus RTU	English	9499-040-63511
BlueControl (engineering tool)	Mini	Download www.acs-controlsystem.de
BlueControl (engineering tool)	Basic	9407-999-11001
BlueControl (engineering tool)	Expert	9407-999-11011

10 Technical data

INPUTS

PROCESS VALUE INPUT INP1

Resolution:	> 15 bits
Decimal point:	0 to 4 digits behind the decimal point
Limiting frequency:	2 Hz (analog)
Dig. input filter:	adjustable 0,1...100 s
Scanning cycle:	100 ms
Measured value correction:	2-point or offfset correction

Thermocouple → Table 1

Input resistance:	‡ 1 MW
Source resistance effect:	1 μV/Ω

Temperature compensation

Internal temperature compensation

Maximum additional error	± 0,5 K

External temperature compensation

between 0 and 100 °C or adjustable 32 und 212 °F

Break monitoring

Sensor current:	£ 1 mA

Resistance thermometer → Table 2

Connection technique:	3-wire
Lead resistance:	max. 30 Ohm
Input circuit monitoring:	break and short circuit

Resistance measuring range

The BlueControl software can be used for adaptation of the characteristic stored for temperature sensor KTY 11-6.

Physical measuring range:	0...450 Ohm 0...4500 Ohm
Number of linearization segments	15

Current and voltage measuring ranges → Table 3

Span start, span end:	anywhere within the measuring range
Scaling:	selectable -19999...99999
Linearization:	15 segments, adaptable via BlueControl
Decimal point:	adjustable
Input circuit monitoring:	with 4..20mA and 2..10V: 12,5% below span start (2mA, 1V)

CONTROL INPUT DI1

Configurable as switch or push-button!
Connection of a potential-free contact suitable for switching "dry" circuits.

Switched voltage:	2,5 V
Current:	50 mA

CONTROL INPUTS DI2, DI3 (0PTI0N)

Configurable as switch or push-button!
Optocoupler input for active triggering

Nominal voltage	24 V DC external
Current sink (IEC 1131 type 1)	
Logic "0"	-3...5 V
Logic "1"	15...30 V
Current requirement	approx.. 5 mA

Transmitter supply U_T (Option)

Power:	22 mA / ‡ 18 V

If the universal output OUT3 is used there may be no external galvanic connection between measuring and output circuits!

FILTER

A first order mathematic filter which is adjustable for time constant and bandwidth is built in.
The bandwidth is the adjustable tolerance around the process value within which the filter is active. Measured value changes exceeding the adjusted bandwidth are output directly.

OUTPUTS

Survey of outputs

Output	Used as
OUT1 (relay) OUT2 (relay) OUT3 (logic)	Limit contacts, alarms, control output
OUT3 (continuous)	Control output, process value, set-point, control deviation, 13V/22mA transmitter power supply

* All logic signals can be combined in an OR function!

RELAY OUTPUTS OUT1, OUT2

Contact type:	2 NO contacts with common connection
Max. contact rating:	500 VA, 250 V, 2A at 48...62 Hz, resistive load
Min. contact rating:	6V, 1 mA DC
Operating life (electr.):	800.000 duty cycles with max. rating

Note:

If the relays OUT1...OUT3 operate external contactors, these must be fitted with RC snubber circuits to manufacturer specifications to prevent excessive switch-off voltage peaks..

OUT3 AS UNIVERSAL OUTPUT

Galvanically isolated from the inputs.

Freely scalable

Resolution:	11 Bit
Timeconstant of DA-transducer T90	50 ms
Limitfrequency of the whole continuous controller	> 2 Hz

Current output

0/4...20 mA configurable.

Signal range:	0...ca.21,5 mA
Max. load:	≤ 500 Ω
Load effect:	0,02 % / 100 Ω
Resolution:	≤ 22 µA (0,1%)
Accuracy	≤ 40 µA (0,2%)

Voltage output (short-circuit proof)

0/2...10V configurable

Signal range:	0...ca.11 V
Min. load:	≥ 2 kΩ
Load effect:	kein Einfluß
Resolution:	≤ 11 mV (0,1%)
Accuracy	≤ 20 mV (0,2%)

OUT3 used as transmitter supply

Output power:	22 mA / ≥ 13 V

OUT3 used as logic output

Load ≤ 500 Ω	0/≤ 20 mA
Load > 500 Ω	0/> 13 V

FUNCTIONS

Control behaviour

- Signaller with adjustable siwtching difference (ON/OFF controller)
- PID controller (2-point and continuous)

Control parameters self-adjusting or manually adjustable via front panel keys or BlueControl software.

Limit value functions

Monitoring is provided for: exceeded max., min. or max. and min. limit value with adjustable hysteresis.

The following signals can be monitored:

- Measured value
- Process value
- Control deviation
- Control deviation with suppression after start-up or set-point changes
- Set-point
- Correcting variable Y

Functions

- Measured value monitoring
- Measured value monitoring with storage. Reset via front panel keys or digital input
- Measured value change
- Measured value change and storage

Several limit values and alarms can be combined by a logic OR function and output e.g. as a common alarm.

ALARM + MAINTENANCE MANAGER

Displayof error messages, warnings and stored limit signallings in the error list.

Messages are stored and can be reset manually.

Possible elements of the error list:

- Sensor break, short circuit, polarity error
- Self-tuning error
- Stored limit values

- E.g. recalibration warning (when exceeding an adjustable number of operating hours, a message is displayed)

- E.g. maintenance interval of switching element (when exceeding an adjustable number of switching cycles, a message is displayed)

- Internal errors (RAM, EEPROM, ...)

DISPLAY

Display

5-digit 19 mm LED

POWER SUPPLY

Dependent of order:

AC SUPPLY

Voltage:	90...250 V AC
Frequency:	48...62 Hz
Power consumption	approx. 7.3 VA

UNIVERSAL SUPPLY 24 V UC

AC voltage:	20,4...26,4 V AC
Frequency:	48...62 Hz
DC voltage:	18...31 V DC
Power consumption:	approx.. 7.3 VA

BEHAVIOUR WITH POWER FAILURE

Configuration, parameters and adjusted set-points, control mode:
Non-volatile storage in EEPROM

BLUEPORT FRONT INTERFACE

Connection of PC via PC adapter (see "Accessory equipment"). The BlueControl software is used to configure, set parameters and operate the KS4x-1.

BUS INTERFACE (OPTION)

Galvanically isolated

Physical:	RS 422/485

Protocol:	Modbus RTU
Transmission speed:	2400, 4800, 9600, 19.200 bits/sec
Address range:	1...247
Number of controllers per bus:	32

Repeaters must be used to connect a higher number of controllers.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Protection modes

Front panel:	IP 65
Housing:	IP 20
Terminals:	IP 00

Permissible temperatures

For specified accuracy:	0...60°C
Warm-up time:	≥ 15 minutes
For operation:	-20...65°C
For storage:	-40...70°C

Humidity

75% yearly average, no condensation

Shock and vibration

Vibration test Fc (DIN 68-2-6)

Frequency:	10...150 Hz
Unit in operation:	1g or 0,075 mm
Unit not in operation:	2g or 0,15 mm

Shock test Ea (DIN IEC 68-2-27)

Shock:	15g
Duration:	11ms

Electromagnetic compatibility

Complies with EN 61 326-1
(for continuous, non-attended operation)

ALLGEMEINES

Housing

Material:	Makrolon 9415 flame-retardant
Flammability class:	UL 94 VO, self-extinguishing

Plug-in module, inserted from the front

Safety test

Complies with EN 61010-1 (VDE 0411-1):
Overvoltage category II
Contamination class 2
Working voltage range 300 V
Protection class II

cUL certification
(Type 1, indoor use)
File: E 208286

Electrical connections

Screw terminals for 0,5 to 2,5 mm²

Mounting

Panel mounting with two fixing clamps at top/bottom or right/left,
High-density mounting possible

Mounting position:	uncritical
Weight:	0,27kg

Accessories delivered with the unit

Operating manual
Fixing clamps

Tabelle 1 thermocouple measuring range

thermocouple type		measuring range		accuracy	resolution (∅)
L	Fe-CuNi (DIN)	-100...900°C	-148...1652°F	≤ 2 K	0,05 K
J	Fe-CuNi	-100...1200°C	-148...2192°F	≤ 2 K	0,05 K
K	NiCr-Ni	-100...1350°C	-148...2462°F	≤ 2 K	0,1 K
N	Nicrosil/Nisil	-100...1300°C	-148...2372°F	≤ 2 K	0,1 K
S	PtRh-Pt 10%	0...1760°C	32...3200°F	≤ 2 K	0,1 K
R	PtRh-Pt 13%	0...1760°C	32...3200°F	≤ 2 K	0,1 K
T	Cu-CuNi	-200...400°C	-328...752°F	≤ 2 K	0,025 K
C	W5%Re-W26%Re	0...2315°C	32...4199°F	≤ 2 K	0,2 K
D	W3%Re-W25%Re	0...2315°C	32...4199°F	≤ 2 K	0,2 K
E	NiCr-CuNi	-100...1000°C	-148...1832°F	≤ 2 K	0,05 K
B[1]	PtRh-Pt6%	0(100)...1820°C	32(212)...3308°F	≤ 3 K	0,15 K
special		-25....75 mV		≤ 0,1 %	0,005 %

[1] Values for type B are valid from 100°C.

Table 2 Resistance transducer measuring ranges

Type	Meas.curr.	Measuring range		Accuracy	Resolution (∅)
Pt100	0,2 mA	-200...850°C	-328...1562°F	≤ 1 K	0,05 K
Pt1000		-200...850°C	-328...1562°F	≤ 2 K	
Special*		0...4500 Ω**		≤ 0,1 %	0,005 %
Special		0...450 Ω**			
Pot.		0...160 Ω**			
Pot.		0...450 Ω**			
Pot.		0...1600 Ω**			

* Characteristic KTY 11-6 (-50...150°C) is factory-set.
** inclusive of lead resistance

Table 3 Current and voltage measuring ranges

Measuring range	Input resistance	Accuracy	Resolution (∅)
0...20 mA	49 Ω (voltage requirement ≤ 2,5 V)	≤ 0,1 %	0,75 µA
0...10 Volt	≈ 110 kΩ	≤ 0,1 %	0,4 mV
-2,5...115 mV*	≥ 1MΩ	≤ 0,1 %	4 µV
-25...1150 mV*	≥ 1MΩ	≤ 0,1 %	40 µV
-25...90 mV*	≥ 1MΩ	≤ 0,1 %	4µV
-500...500 mV*	≥ 1MΩ	≤ 0,1 %	40 µV
-5...5Volt	≈ 110 kΩ	≤ 0,1 %	0,4 mV

* high-impedance voltage ranges without break monitoring

11 Safety hints

This unit was built and tested in compliance with VDE 0411-1 / EN 61010-1 and was delivered in safe condition.
The unit complies with European guideline 89/336/EWG (EMC) and is provided with CE marking.
The unit was tested before delivery and has passed the tests required by the test schedule. To maintain this condition and to ensure safe operation, the user must follow the hints and warnings given in this operating manual.
The unit is intended exclusively for use as a measurement and control instrument in technical installations.

Warning
If the unit is damaged to an extent that safe operation seems impossible, the unit must not be taken into operation.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS
The electrical wiring must conform to local standards (e.g. VDE 0100). The input measurement and control leads must be kept separate from signal and power supply leads.
In the installation of the controller a switch or a circuit-breaker must be used and signified. The switch or circuit-breaker must be installed near by the controller and the user must have easy access to the controller.

COMMISSIONING
Before instrument switch-on, check that the following information is taken into account:

- Ensure that the supply voltage corresponds to the specifications on the type label.
- All covers required for contact protection must be fitted.
- If the controller is connected with other units in the same signal loop, check that the equipment in the output circuit is not affected before switch-on. If necessary, suitable protective measures must be taken.
- The unit may be operated only in installed condition.
- Before and during operation, the temperature restrictions specified for controller operation must be met.

SHUT-DOWN
For taking the unit out of operation, disconnect it from all voltage sources and protect it against accidental operation.
If the controller is connected with other equipment in the same signal loop, check that other equipment in the output circuit is not affected before switch-off. If necessary, suitable protective measures must be taken.

MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND MODIFICATION

The units do not need particular maintenance.

Warning

When opening the units, or when removing covers or components, live parts and terminals may be exposed.

Before starting this work, the unit must be disconnected completely.

After completing this work, re-shut the unit and re-fit all covers and components. Check if specifications on the type label must be changed and correct them, if necessary.

Caution

When opening the units, components which are sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD) can be exposed. The following work may be done only at workstations with suitable ESD protection.

Modification, maintenance and repair work may be done only by trained and t- authorized personnel. For this purpose, the service should be contacted.

The cleaning of the front of the controller should be done with a dry or a wetted (spirit, water) kerchief.

11.1 *Resetting to factory setting*

In case of faulty configuration, DAL 401 can be reset to the default condition.
For this, keep the following two keys pressed during power-on :

▲ ▼

The digital indicator reset to default is signalled by displaying rESEt shortly in the display. Subsequently, the digital indicator returns to normal operation.

Index

0-9

2-point correction 37

A

Alarm handling 15
Anschlußbeispiele
  OUT3 als Logikausgang 8

B

BlueControl 40
Bus interface
  Technical Data 43

C

Calibration (CAL) 37
Calibration level (CAL) . . . . . 37 - 39
Configuration examples
  2-point controller 31
  Signaller 30
Configuration level
  Parameter survey 23
Configuration-level (Conf)
  Configuration-Parameter . . 24 - 29
Connecting diagram 6
Connecting examples
  di2/3, 2-wire transmitter supply . 7
  OUT3 transmitter supply 7
  RS485 interface 8
continuous controller 32
control inputs di1, di2, di3
  Configuration 27

D

Digital inputs di1, di2, di3
  Technical data 42

E

Equipment 41

F

Factory setting 22
Front view 10
Frontansicht 10

I

Input INP1
  configuration 24
  Parameter setting 35
Input scaling 36

L

LED
  Ada - LED 10
  Err - LED 10
  ⎍ - LED 10
  SP.x - LED 10

M

Maintenance manager 16
measured value output 33
Mounting 5

O

Offset correction . . . . . 37 - 39
operating structure 22
Output OUT1
  Configuration 26
  Technical data 42
Output OUT2
  Configuration 26
  Technical data 42
Output OUT3
  Configuration 26

P

Parameter setting level
  Parameter survey 34
Parameter-Level (PArA)
  Parameter 35

R

Resetting to factory setting 47

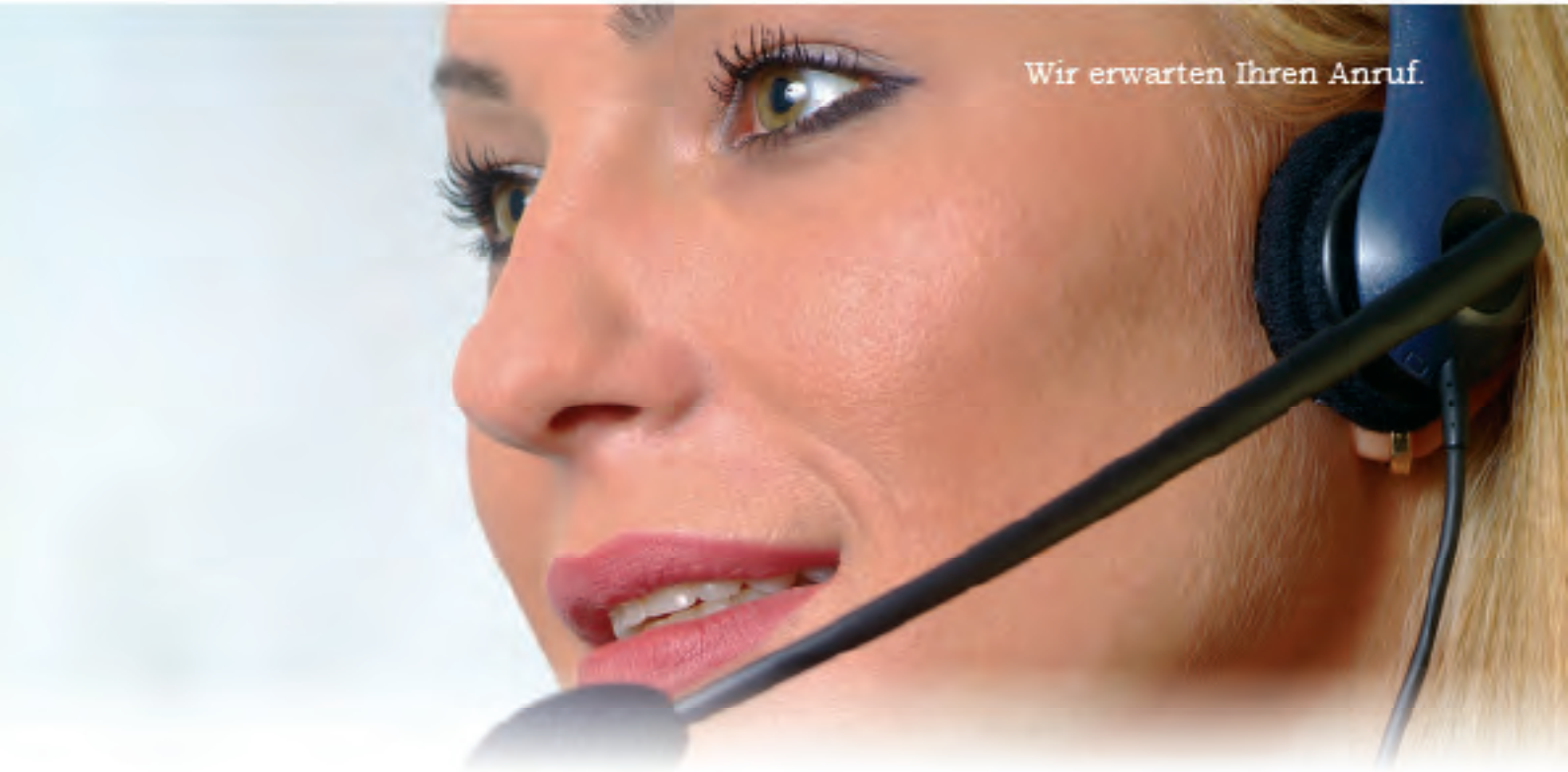
S

Safety hints . . . . . 46 - 47
Safety switch 5
Safety test 44
Selbstoptimierung
  Start 18
Self-tuning
  Cancelation 18
  Start 18

V

Versions 41

fill level | water level | pressure | temperature | flow | visualization | signal converter | sensoric



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